

Sardar Patel Institute of Technology Bhavans Andheri Campus Munshi Nagar, Andheri (West) Mumbai - 400 058.

(Autonomous Institute Affiliated to University of Mumbai)

	Scheme for B.Tech. Electronics Engineering (SEM III)										
	SEM III										
Course Code	Course Name	Scheme eek)	Credits								
			L	Т	Р	Total					
BS31	Applied Mathematics I*	BS	3	1		4					
EL31	Analog Electronics-I	PC	3	1		4					
EL32	Circuit Theory*	PC	3	1		4					
EL33	Digital Circuits*	PC	3	1		4					
ELL31	Analog Electronics-I Lab	PC			2	1					
ELL33	Digital Circuits Lab	PC			2	1					
ELL34	Electronics Instruments and	PC			4 (2x2)	2					
	Measurements Lab										
ELL35	HDL Programming Lab	PC			2	1					
ELL36	Object Oriented Programming Lab	PC		1	2	2					
BS32	Human Health Systems Approach	BS	2			2					
SDX	SCOPE Course	SD									
ABL1	Building Automation, Fire Safety and	ABL									
	Electronic Security (Noncredit)										
CEP1	Introduction to CEP (Optional)	CEP									
BC	Fundamentals of Mathematics (Noncredit)	BC	2								
	(only for direct second year students)										
	Total		14	5	12	25					

* Common courses with Electronics & Telecommunication

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	Scheme for B.Tech. Electronics Engineering (SEM IV)										
SEM IV											
Course Code	Course Name	Group	Teach (H	Credits							
			L	Т	Р	Total					
BS41	Applied Mathematics II*	BS	3	1		4					
EL41	Analog Electronics-II	PC	3	1		4					
EL42	Principles of Control Systems*	PC	3	1		4					
EL43	Computer Organization and Architecture	PC	3			3					
EL44	Fundamentals of Communication Engineering*	PC	3			3					
ELL41	Analog Electronics-II Lab	PC			2	1					
ELL42	Principles of Control Systems Lab	PC			2	1					
ELL44	Fundamentals of Communication Engineering Lab	PC			2	1					
ELL45	Electrical Machines Lab	PC			2	1					
ELL46	Computer Methods for Circuit Simulation Lab	PC			2	1					
LA^	Liberal Arts (Non credit) LA1: Yoga Vidya LA2: Music Appreciation LA3: Dramatics	LA	1								
SDX	SCOPE Course	SD									
ABL2	Occupational Safety & Legal Studies for Engineers (Noncredit)	ABL									
CEP2	Problem solving module-I (Optional)	CEP									
	Total		16	3	10	23					

* Common courses with Electronics & Telecommunication



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Evaluation Scheme

	B.Tech Electronics Engineerin	g (SEM III	()				
Course Code	Course Name			Marks			
		ISE	MSE	ESE	Total		
BS31	Applied Mathematics I*	20	20	60	100		
EL31	Analog Electronics-I	20	20	60	100		
EL32	Circuit Theory*	20	20	60	100		
EL33	Digital Circuits*	20	20	60	100		
ELL31	Analog Electronics-I Lab	40		20	60		
ELL33	Digital Circuits Lab	40			40		
ELL34	Electronics Instruments and Measurements Lab	80			80		
ELL35	HDL Programming Lab	40			40		
ELL36	Object Oriented Programming Lab	40			40		
BS32	Human Health Systems Approach	ISE1=	ISE2=	Attendance=	50		
		20	20	10			
ABL1	Building Automation, Fire Safety and Electronic Security (Noncredit)						
BC	Fundamentals of Mathematics (Noncredit) &	ISE1=	ISE2=	Attendance=	50&		
		20	20	10			
	Total				710		
	B.Tech Electronics Engineerin	g (SEM IV)				
Course Code	Course Name	Marks					
		ISE	MSE	ESE	Total		
BS41	Applied Mathematics II*	20	20	60	100		
EL41	Analog Electronics-II	20	20	60	100		
EL42	Principles of Control Systems*	20	20	60	100		
EL43	Computer Organization and Architecture	20	20	60	100		
EL44	Fundamentals of Communication Engineering*	20	20	60	100		
ELL41	Analog Electronics-II Lab	40		20	60		
ELL42	Principles of Control Systems Lab	40			40		
ELL44	Fundamentals of Communication Engineering Lab	40			40		
ELL45	Electrical Machines Lab	40			40		
ELL46	Computer Methods for Circuit Simulation Lab	40			40		
LA^	Liberal Arts (Non credit)	ISE1=	ISE2=	Attendance=	50		
	LA1: Yoga Vidya	20	20	10			
	LA2: Music Appreciation						
	LA3: Dramatics						
ABL2	Occupational Safety & Legal Studies for Engineers						
	(Noncredit)						
	Total				770		

* Common courses with Electronics & Telecommunication

& only for direct second year students (Since it is non-credit course it will not be counted in total marks)



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Semester III



Course Code	Course Name		Teaching Scheme (Hrs/week)			Credits Assigned			
		L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	Total	
	Applied Mathematics-I	3	1		3	1		4	
DC21		Examination				on Scheme			
BS31		ISE		MSE	E	SE	,	Total	
		20		20		60		100	

Pre-requisit	e cours	e codes BS11 (Engineerin	g Mathematics I)
		BS21 (Engineerin	g Mathematics II)
After success	sful con	pletion of the course, student will	be able to
	CO1	Evaluate Laplace and Inverse Lap	lace transform of functions using various
	COI	properties.	
	CO2	Solve differential equations with	given initial conditions using Laplace and
	02	Laplace Inverse.	
Course	CO3	Expand functions in terms of sine	and cosine series on the given interval.
Outcomes	CO4	Find Fourier transforms by applyi	ng its various properties
	CO5	Check for a function being analyt	ic using Cauchy-Reimann equations and
	05	construct analytic functions.	
	CO6	Construct Bilinear Transformation	ns and find images under Conformal
		mappings	

Module	Module	Unit	Topics	Ref	Hours
No	Name	No			
	Lanlaas	1.1	Definition of Laplace Transform, LT of e^{at} , sin(at), cos(at), sinh(at), cosh(at), erf(t).		03
1	Laplace Transform	1.2	Properties of Laplace Transform: Linearity, change of scale, first shifting theorem, second shifting theorem, multiplication by t, division by t, Laplace Transform of derivatives and integrals.	1,2,3,4	06
	Inverse Laplace Transform, Special	2.1	Inverse Laplace Transform using Partial fraction method, Convolution theorem (without proof), differentiation and integration property.	1004	04
2	Functions and	2.2	Laplace of Heavi-side unit step, dirac-delta function, LT of periodic function	1,2,3,4	03
	Applications of Laplace	2.3	Applications of Laplace Transforms to find solution of ordinary differential equations and simultaneous differential equations.		03



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		3.1	Introduction to Fourier Series, Dirichlet's condition of convergences, Euler's formulae		02
3	Fourier Series and Fourier Transforms	3.2	Fourier series of algebraic, exponential, trigonometric functions ,half range sine and cosine series, Parsevals Identity. Complex form of Fourier series. Differentiation and Integration of Fourier Series.	1,2,3,4	05
		3.3	Fourier Transforms, Inverse Fourier Transforms and its applications		06
4	Complex	4.1	Definition of analytic function, Cauchy Reiman equations in Cartesian and polar form. Constructing analytic function by Milne Thompson and analytic method.	1,2,3,4	05
	Variable	4.2	Harmonic functions, orthogonal trajectories		02
		4.3	Conformal Mappings		03
				Total	42
					Hrs

- 1. Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9thedition", John Wiley
- 2. H.K.Dass, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 28th edition, S.Chand, 2010
- 3. Grewal B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 38thedition, Khanna Publication
- 4. Jain and Iyengar, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 4th edition, Narosa Publishing House, Pvt. Ltd, 2014



Course Code	Course Name		Teaching Scheme (Hrs/week)			Credits Assigned			
		L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	Total	
	Analog Electronics-I	03	01		03	01		04	
EL31		Examination Scheme							
ELJI		IS	E	MSI	E	ESE		Total	
		20)	20		60		100	

Pre-requisite	Course	Codes	BS12(Applied Physics I)			
			BS22 (Applied Physics II)			
			ES21 (Basic Electrical Technology)			
After successf	ul compl	etion of the	e course, student will be able to			
	CO1 Describe semiconductor devices through energy band diagrams					
	CO2	Analyze	the characteristics of semiconductor junctions			
Course	CO3	Different	iate between bipolar and unipolar conduction			
Outcomes	CO4	Discuss v	vorking principle of semiconductor devices			
	CO5 Discuss working principle of various optoelectronic devices					
	CO6	Identify t	he applications of semiconductor devices			

Module No.	Unit No.	Topics	Ref.	Hrs.
1	1.1	Carrier Statistics and Transport Semiconductors, Electron Density, Hole Density, Temperature Dependence of intrinsic concentration, Position of Fermi Level, Computation of n and p	1,4	3
	1.2	Drift current, Diffusion Current, Generation, Recombination and Continuity Equation	1	
2	2.1	 Junction Analysis PN Junction Diode: Basic Structure, Band Diagrams, Zero Applied Bias, Reverse Applied Bias, PN Junction current, Small signal model of PN junction, Generation and recombination of currents, junction breakdown. Zener Diode: Breakdown mechanisms, Characteristics, Effect of Temperature, Application as voltage regulator and backward diode 	1, 6,7	12
	2.2	Metal semiconductor and Semiconductor Heterojunctions: Schottkey barrier diode: qualitative characteristics, Ideal junction properties, Nonideal effects on barrier height, V-I characteristics Metal-semiconductor Ohmic Contacts: Ideal Non rectifying	1	



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		barriers, Tunneling Barrier, Specific contact resistance		
		Heterojunctions: Heterojunction materials, Energy Band		
		Diagrams, Two dimensional electron gas		
	2.3	Diode Circuits: Simple diode model, Limiter circuits, Rectifiers,	2,4, 5	
		Clamper Circuits, Peak Detector and Voltage Doubler		
3	3.1	Optoelectronics PN junction diodes	1,4, 6	3
		Optical absorption: Photon absorption coefficient, EHP		
		generation rate		
		Solar Cells: The pn junction, heterojunction and amorphous		
		silicon solar cells		
	3.2	Photodetectors: Photoconductor, photodiode, PIN photodiode,	1,2,6	
		APD (avalanche photodiode), phototransistor		
		LED: Generation of Light, Internal Quantum Efficiency, External		
		Quantum Efficiency, LED devices		
4	4.1	Bipolar Devices	1,4	12
		BJT: The bipolar transistor action, minority carrier distribution,		
		low-frequency common-base current gain, non-ideal effects,		
		Ebers-Moll Model, Gummel-Poon Model, Hybrid-Pi Model,		
		Frequency Limitations		
	4.2	HBT (Heterojunction bipolar transistor): Current gain in HBT,	1	
		Basic n-p-n HBT structure with band diagram		
	4.3	BJT Amplifiers: CE, CB and CC Amplifiers, Multistage	1,2,5	
		Amplifiers		
5	5.1	Field Effect Devices	1, 3,	12
		JFET: Construction, operation and device characteristics. V-I	4	
		relationship and transconductance. Small signal equivalent model,		
		frequency limitation factors and cutoff frequency		
	5.2	MOSFET: Two terminal MOS structure, MOSFET construction,		
		Band diagrams under equilibrium and external bias, Threshold		
		Voltage, V-I and CV characteristics, Channel length modulation,		
		Short Channel effects, MOSFET Model		
	5.3	MESFET: Device structure, principle of operation, V-I	1, 3	
		characteristics, High frequency performance		
		MODFET (i.e. HEMT): Fundamentals, V-I Characteristics,		
		Cutoff frequency		
			Total	42

- [1] Donald A. Neamen, "Semiconductor Physics and Devices" Tata MCGraw Hill, Third Edition
- [2] RL Boylestad and Lous Nashelsky, "Electronic Devices and Circuits" Pentice Hall, second Edition



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- [3] Sung-Mo Kang, Yusuf Leblebici, "CMOS Digital Integrated Circuits", Tata McGraw Hill, Third Edition
- [4] Mahesh B. Patil, "Basic Electronic Devices and Circuits," PHI, First Edition
- [5] David Bell, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Oxford, Fifth Edition.
- [6] S Slivahanan and N. Suresh Kumar, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", McGraw Hill, Third Edition
- [7] S. M. Sze, "Semiconductor Devices: Physics and Technology", Wiley, Second Edition



Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Hrs/week)			Credits Assigned			
Coue		L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	Total
	Circuit Theory	3	1		3	1		4
EL32				Exam	inatior	n Sche	eme	
EL52		ISI	E	MSE	E	SE		Total
		20		20		60		100

Pre-requisite Course Codes			ES21 (Basic Electrical Technology)						
After successful completion of the course, student will be able to									
	CO1	Analyse	the given circuits using theorems and transformation techniques						
	CO2	Analyse	e the given circuit using Graph Theory						
Course	CO3	Analyse	e the given RL, RC and RLC circuits in time domain						
Outcomes	CO4	Analyse	Analyse the given RL, RC and RLC circuits in frequency domain						
Outcomes	CO5	5 Predict the circuits using Foster and Cauer realization methods							
	CO6	Explain	the concept of two port network, relation between the parameters						
		and thei	r interconnection						

Module	Unit	Topics	Ref.	Hrs.
No.	No.			
1	1.1	Analysis of DC circuits: Analysis of circuits with and without	3	10
		controlled sources using generalized loop, node matrix,		
		Superposition, Thevenin, Norton, Maximum Power transfer,		
		Millman theorems		
	1.2	Analysis of coupled circuits: Self and mutual inductances,	1	
		coefficient of coupling, Dot convention, equivalent circuit, solution		
		using loop analysis		
2	2.1	Graph Theory: Concept of loop, tree, co-tree, incidence matrix,	4	6
		cut set matrix and tie set matrix		
	2.2	Tellegen's theorem, Planar and Non planar graphs, Duality principle	4	
3	3.1	Time domain analysis of R-L and R-C circuits: Forced and	1,3	12
		natural response, time constant, initial and final values		
		Solution using first order equation for standard input signals:		
		Transient and steady state time response, solution using universal		
		formula		
	3.2	Time domain analysis of R-L-C circuits: Forced and natural	1,3	
		response, effect of damping		
		Solution using second order equation for standard input		



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		signals: Transient and steady state time response		
	3.3	Frequency domain analysis of RLC circuits: S-domain	1,3	
		representation, applications of Laplace Transform in solving		
		electrical networks		
4	4.1	Network Function: driving point and transfer function, Poles and	2	6
		Zeros, calculation of residues by analytical and graphical method,		
		frequency response		
	4.2	Positive real functions: Concept of positive real function, testing	2	
		for Hurwitz polynomials, testing for necessary and sufficient		
		conditions for positive real functions		
	4.3	Synthesis of RC, RL, LC circuits: Concepts of synthesis of RC,	2	
		RL, LC driving point functions.		
5	5.1	Parameters: Open Circuit, Short Circuit, Transmission and Hybrid	1	8
		parameters, relationships among parameters, reciprocity and		
		symmetry conditions		
	5.2	Series/parallel connection: T and Pi representations,	1	
		interconnection of Two-Port networks		
		·	Total	42

- [1] A. Chakrabarti, "Circuit Theory", Dhanpat Rai and Co., New Delhi, Edition 2013
- [2] Franklin F Kuo, "Network Analysis and Synthesis", Wiley, Second Edition
- [3] M E Van Valkenburg, "Network Analysis", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt Ltd, Third Edition
- [4] D. Roy Choudhury, "Networks and Systems", New Age International Pvt Ltd, Wiley, Second Edition.



Course Code	Course Name		ning Sc [rs/wee		Credits Assigned				
		L	Т	P	L	Т	Р	Total	
		3	1		3	1		4	
EL33	Digital Circuits			Ex	Examination Scheme				
ELSS		ISE		I	MSE	SE ESE		Total	
		20			20	60		100	

Pre-requisite Course Codes			ES21 (Basic Electrical Technology)					
After successful completion of the course, student will be able to								
	CO1	CO1 Explain various logic gates, SOP, POS forms and their minimization with k-						
		map for give	en combinational circuits.					
	CO2	Construct co	Construct combinational circuits using given MSI devices.					
Course	CO3	Discuss diff	erent types of programmable logic devices like PAL, PLA, CPLD					
Outcomes		and FPGA.						
	CO4	Apply the k	nowledge of flip-flops and MSI to design sequential circuits					
	CO5	Design state machines for given state diagrams after state reduction						
	CO6	Discuss fault models and testing methods for digital circuits						

Module	Unit	Topics	Ref.	Hrs.			
No.	No.						
1	1.1	Logic Gates: Basic gates, Universal gates, Sum of products and					
		products of sum, minimization with Karnaugh Map (upto four					
		variables), Quine Mc'Clusky method and realization.					
	1.2	Logic Families: Types of logic families (TTL and CMOS),	1,2,3				
		characteristic parameters (propagation delays, power dissipation,					
		Noise Margin, Fan-out and Fan-in), transfer characteristics of TTL					
		NAND, Interfacing CMOS to TTL and TTL to CMOS.					
	1.3	Combinational Circuits using basic gates as well as MSI	1,2,3				
		devices: Half adder, Full adder, Half Subtractor, Full Subtractor,					
		Multiplexer, Demultiplexer, Decoder, Comparator (Multiplexer and					
		Demultiplexer gate level upto 4:1).					
2	2.1	Sequential Logic: Latches and Flip-Flops. Conversions of Flip-	1,2,3	12			
		Flops, Timing Considerations and Metastability					
	2.2	Counters: Asynchronous, Synchronous Counters, Up Down	1,2,3				
		Counters, Mod Counters, Ring Counters Shift Registers, Universal					
		Shift Register					



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3	3.1	Mealy and Moore Machines, Clocked synchronous state machine	4,5	08
		analysis, State reduction techniques and state assignment, Clocked		
		synchronous state machine design.		
	3.2	MSI counters, MSI Shift registers and their applications	4,5	
4	4.1	Concepts of PAL and PLA.		05
		Introduction to CPLD and FPGA architectures.		
5	5.1	Fault Models, Stuck at faults, Bridging faults, Controllability and	6	05
		Observability		
	5.2 Path sensitization, ATPG, Design for Testability, Boundary Scan		6	
		Logic, JTAG and Built in self test.		
	•		Total	42

- [1] William I. Fletcher, 'An Engineering Approach to Digital Design', PHI., First Edition
- [2] R. P. Jain, "Modern Digital Electronics", Tata McGraw Hill, Forth Edition
- [3] Morris Mano, "Digital Design", Pearson Education, Forth Edition
- [4] John F. Wakerly, "Digital Design Principles And Practices, third Edition Updated, Pearson Education, Third Edition
- [5] Stephen Brown and Zvonko Vranesic, "Fundamentals of digital logic design with VHDL", McGraw Hill, Second Edition.
- [6] B. Holdsworth and R. C. Woods, "Digital Logic Design", Newnes, Forth Edition



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Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Hrs/week)			Credits Assigned				
		L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	Total	
	Analog Electronics Lab-I			2			1	1	
ELL31				E	xamina	tion Sch	eme		
			ISE		MS	SE	ESE	Total	
		40					20	60	

Pre-requisi	te Cou	rse Codes EL31 (Analog Electronics - I)						
After successful completion of the course, student will be able to								
	CO1	Implement the given circuit on breadboard and test it with measure instrument						
	CO2	Obtain characteristics of PN Junction diode, zener diode, BJT and FET to find the various parameters						
Course	CO3	Demonstrate applications of PN junction diode						
Outcomes	CO4	Obtain performance parameters like bandwidth, current gain, voltage gain, input resistance and output resistance of BJT amplifier						
	CO5	Follow the procedure for installation and make use of TCAD tool						
CO6 Record the observations of given experiment and arrive at valid correlate with theory								

Exp. No.	Suggested List of ExperimentsRef.					
1	To plot forward and reverse characteristics of semiconductor diode.	1,2	5			
2	To plot characteristics of zener diode and observe zener as voltage regulator	1	5			
3	To implement clipper and clamper circuits	1	5			
4	To implement halfwave and fullwave rectifier circuits	1	5			
5	To plot input-output characteristics and calculate hybrid parameters of BJT.	2	5			
6	To observe frequency response of BJT amplifier 2					
7	7 To plot output and transfer characteristics of FET and calculate transconductance and drain resistance.					
8	To design and simulate PN junction diode using Visual TCAD					
	Total I	Marks	40			

- [1] RL Boylestad and Lous Nashelsky, "Electronic Devices and Circuits" Pentice Hall, second Edition
- [2] Mahesh B. Patil, "Basic Electronic Devices and Circuits," First Edition, PHI
- [3] http://www.i-vis.co.jp/pdf/cogenda/Quick_Start_Guide.pdf



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Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Hrs/week)			Credits Assigned				
		L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	Total	
	Digital Circuits Lab			2			1	1	
ELL33				E	Examination Scheme				
			ISE		MSE		ESE	Total	
		40					40		

Pre-requisi	te Cou	rse Codes EL33 (Digital Circuits)					
After successful completion of the course, student will be able to							
	CO1 Follow the given instructions for performing an experiment on the breadboar						
	CO2	Construct logic circuits using gate to realize given function					
Course	CO3	Construct logic circuits using MSI ICs to realize given function					
Outcomes	CO4	Validate the design of combinational and sequential logic circuits by hardware					
Outcomes		implementation					
	CO5	Test and troubleshoot given logic circuits using testing instruments					
	CO6	Develop an application using concepts of digital circuits					

Exp. No.	Suggested List of Experiments	Ref.	Marks
1	To implement the combinational logic for given function using basic	1,2	5
	gates/MSI ICs.		
2	To implement TTL and CMOS logic family	1,2	5
3	To implement 4-bit, 5-bit and 8 bit comparator using given MSI	1,2	5
4	To design implement gate level multiplexers and MSI multiplexers	1,2	5
5	To design and implement gate level and MSI circuits of flip-flops	1,2	5
6	To design Mod 4 synchronous up/down counter using JK flip-flop	1,2	5
7	To asynchronous counters, synchronous counters and shift register using given MSI.	1,2	5
8	Mini-Project: Design and implement an application using digital circuit concepts.	1,2	5
	Total N	Marks	40

References:

- [1] Datasheets and application notes of LSI and MSI circuits.
- [2] R. P. Jain and M. M. S. Anand "Digital Electronics Practice Using Integrated Circuits,"

TataMc Graw Hill Education



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Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Hrs/week)			Credits Assigned			ed
		L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	Total
				4			2	2
ELL34	Electronics Instruments and Measurement Lab		•	E	xamina	tion Sche	eme	
LLLJ4			ISE		MS	SE	ESE	Total
			80					80

Pre-requisi	te Cou	se Codes EL34 (Electronics Instruments and Measurement)			
After successful completion of the course, student will be able to					
	CO1	Describe the working of measuring instruments available in the lab.			
	CO2	Find out and verify the manufacturers, make, models, market cost and			
		specifications of the given instrument.			
Course	CO3	Select the suitable test and measuring instrument for the given circuit.			
Outcomes	CO4	Operate the instrument for observing and recording the given signal in time			
Outcomes		domain and frequency domain.			
	CO5	Recognize the importance of calibration of instruments.			
	CO6	Validate characteristics of transducer to measure electrical and non electrical			
		quantities.			

Teaching Learning Methodology: Role Play Model

a. Instructor:

cal background
nple formats
entification of appropriate online material.
nent of overall activity

b. First Group of students : Customer

Responsibilities: To finalize specifications of instrument to be purchased Prepare request for quotations Prepare the comparative statement Preparation for purchase order

c. Second Group of students: Manufacturer/Vendor

Responsibilities:	To maintain the specifications of the manufactured instruments
	To submit quotations including all applicable taxes
	To prepare Invoice as per purchase order



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d. Third Group of Students: Sales/Service Engineer

Responsibilities: To demonstrate capabilities of various instruments and convince customer to purchase a particular instrument To prepare Delivery Challan Install the instruments and prepare Installation Report, Demonstrate all the functions and uses of the instrument

Exp. No.	Suggested List of Experiments	Ref.	Marks
1	Block diagram based working principle of ammeter, voltmeter and	1	5
	galvanometer.		
	Identification of various electronics and electrical components (resistor,		
	capacitor, inductor, diode, PNP/NPN BJTs, FETs, SCR, Fuse etc.) by		
	manual observation as well as with the help of measuring instruments.		
	Finding their specifications, manufacturers and market cost.		
	Measure resistance with a given ammeter, voltmeter and galvanometer.		
2	Block diagram based working principle of Cathod Ray Oscilloscope.	2	5
	Interpretation and use of various controls of CRO. Finding their		
	specifications, manufacturers and market cost. Identification of		
	faulty/working probe, component identification etc. with CRO. Various		
	types of accessories (types of probes, their compensation etc.) required		
	with CRO.		
	Measurement of different parameters using CRO and obtain Lissageous		
	patterns.		
3	Block diagram based working principle of function generator, signal	2	5
	generator and DSO.		
	Interpretation and use of various controls of function and signal		
	generator. Finding their specifications, manufacturers and market cost.		
	Adjust the various waveforms on a function generator and finding		
	limitations i.e. minimum and maximum output signal parameters values		
	that can be obtained.		
	Obtain the given waveform on function or signal generator and observe		
	its various parameters on DSO.		
4	To compare analog oscilloscope with digital storage oscilloscope and	2	5
	note down the advanced features and functions. Obtain a waveform on		
	5Digital Storage Oscilloscope and store it in different format on your		
	storage device and observe it on PC. Compare the measurements of		
	sinusoidal signal on analog CRO with measurement on DSO.		
	Compare features of DSO with different model numbers and find out the		
	difference in cost because of features or added functions.		



5	Introduction to various features and functions of an arbitrary function	2	5
	generator in order to generate common stimulus signals for electronic		
	measurements. Explain the block diagram and basic controls of an		
	arbitrary function generator.		
	Finding specifications, manufacturers, and market cost of AFG.		
	Learn how to generate several basic electronic signals. Learn how to		
	verify the signal's parameters with oscilloscope measurements. Obtain		
	waveforms for a given equation on an Arbitrary Waveform Generator.		
6	Explain working principle of energy meter and wattmeter.	1	5
	Identifications of various terminals of energy meter and wattmeter.		
	Selection of current coil and voltage coil while measuring power.		
	Measurement of power factor using wattmeter, ammeter and voltmeter.		
	Selection of wattmeter, ammeter according to load.		
	Finding specifications, manufacturer, and market cost of wattmeter,		
	voltmeter and ammeter.		
7	Explain working principle of Multimeter.	2	5
	Compare Analog Multimeter and Digital Multimeter by using it to		
	measure resistance, voltage, frequency. Identify the limitations of both		
	while testing diodes, transistors and capacitors.		
	Compare Branded Analog multimeter and Branded digital analog		
	multimeter.		
8	Describe the concept of Q factor and measure parameters for a given	3	5
	RLC circuit on Q meter and also explain the use of frequency meter.		
	Finding specifications, manufacturer, and market cost of Q meter and		
	Frequency Meter.	_	
9	Differentiate time domain measurement and frequency domain	3	5
	measurement.		
	Obtain analysis for a given signal on Spectrum analyzer for various		
	frequencies. Compare the sinusoidal signal frequency spectrum with		
	different standard signals.		
	Finding specifications, manufacturer, and market cost of spectrum		
10	analyzer and vector analyzer.		
10	Explain the various antenna parameters and the related test & measuring	4	5
	instruments.		
	Finding specifications, manufacturer, and market cost of VSWR meter,		
	Vector network analyzer etc.		
	Record the various parameters for a given antennas with VNA.		



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11	Block diagram based working principle of tachometer, lux meter, thermal camera and radiation measurement meter. Identify their specifications in terms of respective unit. Measurement of speed of motor, light intensity in various lab, radiations using related instrument. Compare and comment on measurement at different locations. List different	3	5
	applications where thermal camera can be used. Finding specifications, manufacturer, and market cost of Distortion meter.		
12	Block diagram based working principle of LVDT. Identify the specifications of winding machines for LVDT available in the market and design a simple LVDT using a given core and winding coil. Validate the characteristics of LVDT to measure distance upto 10mm	2	5
13	Explain specifications of given strain gauge. Compare different types of strain gauges available in the local market. Differentiate the given load cell and strain gauge. Obtain the characteristics of weight vs resistance for a given strain gauge. Suggest a circuit to measure weight using strain gauge or load cell.	1	5
14	Comment on the given RTD and LM35 according to the parameters or specifications given in data sheet. Validate the characteristics of RTD and LM35 to measure temperature of a specific range.	2	5
15	Design the bridges to measure unknown resistance, inductor and capacitance. Comment on your bridge designed and its limitations.	2	5
16	Explain specifications of a given ADC IC and measure the resolution of a given ADC IC by applying an input signal of appropriate value. Note down digital outputs for different analog signal in appropriate range using given logic probe and DSO.	3	5
	Total I	Marks	80

- [1] W. Cooper, A. Helfric, Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Techniques, PHI, 4th edition.
- [2] C. S. Rangan, G.R. Sarma, V.S.V. Mani, Instrumentation Devices and Systems, Tata McGraw Hill, 9th edition.
- [3] A. K. Sawhney, Electrical & Electronic Instruments & Measurement, Dhanpat Rai and Sons, Eleventh ed., 2000.
- [4] Constantine A. Balanis, Antenna Theory: Analysis and Design, Wiley.



Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Hrs/week)			Credits Assigned			ed
		L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	Total
	HDL Programming Lab			2			1	1
ELL35				E	xaminat	tion Sche	me	
			ISE		MS	E	ESE	Total
			40					40

Pre-requisi	te Cou	rse Codes EL33 (Digital Circuits)					
After succes	ssful co	mpletion of the course, student will be able to					
	C01	Write VHDL code to build the given hardware					
	CO2	Verify the behavior of given hardware with VHDL simulation tool					
	CO3	Write synthesizable VHDL code and perform physical verification on FPGA					
		and CPLD device					
Course	CO4	Write, simulate, synthesize and implement VHDL code with behavioral,					
Outcomes		dataflow and structural modeling style					
	CO5	Interface the external peripherals with FPGA and design a hardware to create					
		an application.					
	CO6	Interpret the RTL, synthesis, Floorplan report and optimally utilize the internal					
		resources of given FPGA					

Exp. No.	Suggested List of Experiments	Ref.	Marks
1	Design, simulate and synthesize 9 bit parity generator using dataflow	1,2,3	5
	modeling and carry out physical verification on given FPGA.		
2	Design, simulate and synthesize ripple carry adder and carry-look ahead	1,2,3	5
	adder using structural modeling and carry out physical verification on		
	given FPGA		
3	Design, simulate and synthesize a stepper motor control hardware using	1,2,3	5
	Johnson counter. Use behavioral modeling for designing this hardware.		
	Carry out physical verification on given FPGA		
4	Write the testbench to verify the given IP.	1,2,3	5
5	Interface ADC/ DAC with FPGA. Give input signal to ADC, digitally	1,2,3	5
	amplify the input signal, give amplified data to DAC and observe the		
	amplified output on DSO.		
6	FPGA implementation of Traffic light controller in VHDL using Finite	4	5
	State Machine		



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7	Design of Microcomputer using existing IP. Use instantiation for	2	5		
	designing the hardware.				
8	Mini project as an application of HDL	4	5		
	Total Marks				

- [1] J. Bhaskar, "VHDL Primer", Pearson Education.
- [2] Gaganpreet Kaur, "VHDL Basic to Programming", Pearson
- [3] Douglas Perry, "VHDL: Programming by Example" McGraw Hill
- [4] Application notes by Xilinx and Altera



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Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Hrs/week)			Credits Assigned			
		L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	Total
	Object Oriented Programming Lab		1	2		1	1	2
		Examination Scheme						
ELL36		ISE		MSE		ESE	Total	
			40					40

Pre-requisite Course Codes			ES4 (Programming Methodology and Data Structure)				
After success	After successful completion of the course, student will be able to						
CO1 Use object oriented programming concepts for a scenario.							
Course	CO2	Apply conc	cept of input output and string handling				
Outcomes	CO3	Demonstrat	te polymorphism, static and dynamic binding.				
for Lab	CO4	Apply Inhe	pply Inheritance, Abstract Class and Interface to implement scenario.				
	CO5	Apply conc	cept of multithreading and exception handling for a scenario.				

Exp. No.	Suggested List of Experiments	Ref.	Marks
1	Program on I/O using command line arguments, scanner class,	1,2	5
	BufferedReader etc.		
2	Program on Constructor.	1,2,3	5
3	Program on Polymorphism, Run time polymorphism.	1,2	5
4	Program on Inheritance, Abstract Class, Interface.	1,2	5
5	Program on Nested Class, Aggregation, Composition.	1,2,3	5
6	Program on Multithreading.	2,3,4	5
7	Program on String and Exception Handling.	1,2	5
8	Program on Package and access modifiers.	1,2	5
		Total Marks	40

- [1] Ralph Bravaco, Shai Simoson, "Java Programing From the Group Up", Tata McGraw-Hill.
- [2] Herbert Schildt, "Java The Complete Reference", Tata McGraw-Hill.
- [3] Jaime Nino, Frederick A. Hosch, 'An introduction to Programming and Object Oriented Design using Java', Wiley Student Edition.
- [4] C Xavier, "Java Programming A Practical Approach", Tata McGraw-Hill.



Pre-requisite Course Codes		e Codes	Programming Methodology and Data Structures (ES4)			
	CO1	Write pr	ograms using object oriented programming paradigm.			
Course	CO2	Solve pr	olve programs using inheritance and polymorphism			
Outcomes	CO3	Use abst	ract classes, interface and package to solve problems			
for	CO4	Apply c	apply concepts of multithreading and exception handling to create efficient			
Tutorial		program				
	CO5	Demons	trate use of string classes			

Module	Unit	Topics	Ref.	Hrs.
No.	No.			
1		BASIC OF JAVA	2	
	1.1	History & features, Difference between JDK, JRE, JVM, Unicode		
		system, Advantages of OOP		
	1.2	I/O using Scanner class & Command line argument, Object, Class,		3
		Constructor, Static Variable, Method & block		
	1.3	Branching & looping		
2		OOP CONCEPTS	1,2,4	
	2.1	Inheritance (IS – A), Aggregation & Composition (Has – A)		
	2.2	Method overloading & overriding, Constructor overloading &		4
		overriding, this, super, final keyword		4
	2.3	Runtime polymorphism, Static and Dynamic Binding		
3		ABSTRACT CLASS, INTERFACE, PACKAGE	1,2	
	3.1	Abstract class & interface, instance of operator		
	3.2	Package and access modifier		3
	3.3	Object class, Nested class		
4		STRING HANDLING	1,2	
	4.1	Immutable string ,Methods of String class,		1
	4.2	String comparison, concatenation, substring, toString method		1
5		EXCEPTION HANDLING	1,2	
	5.1	What & why? Try & catch block, Multiple catch block, Nested try,		
		Finally block		1
	5.2	Throw, Throws keywords, Exception propagation		1
	5.3	Custom exception		
6		MULTITHREADING	1,2	
	6.1	Life cycle of a – thread, Create thread using, Thread & Runnable		
		class		
	6.2	Thread methods, schedule, sleep, join, Thread priority, Thread		2
		group, Perform multiple task using multiple thread		
	6.3	Thread synchronization		
			Total	14



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- [1] Ralph Bravaco, Shai Simoson, "Java Programing From the Group Up", Tata McGraw-Hill.
- [2] Herbert Schildt, "Java The Complete Reference", Tata McGraw-Hill.
- [3] Jaime Nino, Frederick A. Hosch, 'An introduction to Programming and Object Oriented Design using Java', Wiley Student Edition.
- [4] C Xavier, "Java Programming A Practical Approach", Tata McGraw-Hill.
- [5] James Holmes "Struts: The Complete Reference" Tata McGraw-Hill.
- [6] Jim Keogh, "J2EE: The Complete Reference" Tata McGraw-Hill.



Course	Course Name	r	Teaching Scheme (Hrs/week)				Credits Assigned			
Code		L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	Total		
		2			2			2		
DC22	Human Health Systems Approach	Examination Scheme								
BS32		IS	E1	ISE2	Attendance		Total			
		2	20	20		10		50		
Methodology for evaluating students for ISE1 and ISE2 shall be pre-declared by the course teacher.										

Pre-requisite Course Codes		odes				
After success	After successful completion of the course, student will be able to understand					
CO1 Physiology as integrated interdisciplinary Science						
Course	CO2	Physio	logical significance of balanced diet and exercise in health			
Outcomes	CO3	Signifi	cance of cleanliness and hygiene in daily routine			
	CO4	Dynam	nics and homeostasis of human health			

Module	Unit	Topics	Ref.	Hrs.
No.	No.			
1	Levels	s of Organizational Systems	1	2
	1.1	Molecular, Cellular and Organ Systems		
	1.2	Biological Molecules		2
	1.3	Biochemistry, Biophysics, Molecular Biology and Bioengineering		
2	Energ	y and Molecular Supply Chain Management	1	7
	2.1	Digestive System: Nutrient supply and Balanced Diet		2
	2.2	Respiratory System and effects of Pollution		2
	2.3	Cardiovascular System, Blood Pressure, ECG and Blood Report		2
	2.4	Musculo-skeletal System and exercise Physiology		1
3	Body 3	1	4	
	3.1	Body fluids		2
	3.2	Kidneys as Filtration Units and their Physiological Functions		1
	3.3	Urinary System		1
	3.4	Kidney and Urinary Stones, and Dialysis		1
4	Contr	ol, Coordination and Regulatory Systems	1	4
	4.1	Sense Organs		1
	4.2	Nervous systems		2
	4.3	Endocrine Systems (Pancreas and Diabetes, Thyroid and its functions)		1
5	Defen	se Systems	1	3
	5.1	Integumentary System		1
	5.2	Immune System		2



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6	Mole					
	6.1	Hereditary Molecules: DNA RNA		2		
	6.2	Horizontal flow of Genetic Information		2		
	6.3	Vertical flow of Genetic Information		2		
			Total	26		

- [1] Text book of Anatomy and Physiology for Nurses and allied Health Sciences by Indu Khurana & Arushi
- [2] Simplified Course in Molecular Biology by V. K. Agarwal S. Chand Publication



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Course	Course Name	Tea	ching Sc	heme	Credits Assigned				
Code		L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	Total	
		2	-	-	Non-Credits				
BC	Fundamental of			Exa	mination	Scheme			
	Mathematics	ISE1		ISE2		Attendance		Total	
		20		20		10		50	
Student will be evaluated after completion of 50% syllabus for 20 Marks (ISE1) and at the end of course for									
20 Marks (ISE2). Grade equivalent to 'D' (50%-59.99% Marks) or above is considered as 'Satisfactory'. If									

20 Marks (ISE2). Grade equivalent to 'D' (50%-59.99% Marks) or above is considered as 'Satisfactory'. If any of the tasks given is not completed/submitted/shown/evaluated then the corresponding lower grade will be given. Although the grades are given they will not mentioned in final grade card but they are necessary to declare the successful completion of the Non-Credit course.

After successful completion of the course, student will be able to							
	CO1	To find basic derivatives, Integration and limits.					
Course	CO2	To find rank of a matrix and solve system of linear equations using rank.					
Course Outcomes	CO3	To find partial derivative of a function and apply it to extremise functions.					
Outcomes	CO4	To solve differential equations of first and higher order.					
	CO5	To find roots & logarithm of a complex number.					

Module No	Module name	Unit No.	Topics	Ref.	Hrs.		
1.	Derivatives	1.1	Derivative of functions which are expressed in one of the following form a) product of functions, b) quotient of functions, c) derivatives of trigonometric function	1,2,5,6,7	1		
		1.2	Application of Derivatives: Rolls theorem and Mean value theorem	1,2,5,6,7	1		
	Integration	Integration		2.1	Indefinite integrals-methods of integration, substitution method.	1,2,5,6,7	1
2.			2.2	Evaluation of definite integral 1) bysubstitution, 2) integration by parts,	1,2,5,6,7	1	
		3.1	Rank of Matrix, Normal form	1,2,3,4,6	1		
3.	Basic of Matrices		Consistency and solution of simultaneous linear homogeneous and Non-homogeneous equations. Linear Dependence & independence vectors	1,2,3,4,6	1		
4.	Partial	4.1	Partial derivatives of first and higher order, Chain Rule & Composite function	1,2,3,4,7	1		
	Differentiation	4.2	Euler's theorem on homogeneous functions	1,2,3,4,7	1		



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				Total	16
		7.3	Logarithm of complex numbers.		1
7.	Complex Numbers	7.2	Relation between circular and hyperbolic function	1,2,3,4	1
	Basics of	7.1	Roots of complex numbers by De'moivre's Theorem		1
6.	Indeterminate forms	6.1	Indeterminate forms, L- Hospital Rule	7	1
		5.3	$e^{ax},\sin(ax+b),$ $\cos(ax+b), x^{m}, e^{ax} V, xV.$		
5.	order	0.2	of the type $f(D)y = X$ where X is	1,2,3,7,	5
5.	Equations of first & higher	5.2	coefficient- complementary function, particular integrals of differential equation	1,2,3,4,	3
	Differential	5.1	Linear Differential Equation with constant		
		5.1	variables. Exact Differential Equation,		
		4.3	Maxima and Minima of functions of two	1,2,3,4,7	1
			Application of partial derivatives:		
			with two and three independent variables		

- [1] Dr.B.S.Grewal," Higher Engineering Mathematics" by Khanna Publication, New Delhi, 42ndEdition.
- [2] H.K. Das, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics," by S.ChandPublication.New DelhiTwelfth Revised Edition, 2004
- [3] Erwin Kreyszig," Advanced Engineering Mathematics,"by John Wiley Eastern Limited, UK Ninth Edition,
- [4] Shanti Narayan, P. K. Mittal," A Text book of Matrices," by S. Chand publication, New Delhi, Eleventh Edition.
- [5] Maharashtra state board of secondary and higher secondary education, Pune, Edition 2017.
- [6] George B. Thomas, Ross L Finney," Calculus and Analytical Geometry by NarosaPublishing House, Mumbai,Ninth Edition.
- [7] P.N.Wartikar and J.N.Wartikar," A text book of Applied Mathematics, Vol I and II by
- [8] VidyarthiGrihaPrakashan, Pune. Ninth Revised Edition,2004.



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Semester IV



Course Code	Course Name		Teaching Scheme (Hrs/week)			Credits Assigned			
		L	Τ	Р	L	Т	Р	Total	
	Applied Mathematics-II	3	1		3	1		4	
DC 41		Examination Sc				Sche	neme		
BS41		ISE		MSE	E	SE	1	Total	
		20		20	60			100	

Pre-requisite Course Codes		BS11 (Engineering Mather BS21 (Engineering Mather	,
After successful	l comple	n of the course, student will be al	ble to
	CO1	o diagonalise a given matrix and	calculate functions of a square matrix
	CO2	o reduce a given quadratic form	to simpler forms
Course	CO3	o apply the concept of complex a	analysis to evaluate integrals
Outcomes	CO4	o evaluate line integrals and surface	ace integrals.
	CO5	o calculate expectation, variance	and moments of a random variable
	CO6	o apply the concepts of matrices	to real life problems

Module No	Module Name	Unit No	Topics	Ref	Hours
		1.1	Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors, properties of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors		03
		1.2	Cayley-Hamilton theorem and its applications.	-	01
1.	Linear Algebra:	1.3	Similarity of matrices, Diagonalisation of matrix		02
	Matrix Theory	1.4	Application of diagonalisation of matrices to find functions of a square matrix and to solve a system of ODE	1,2,3,7	02
		1.5	Quadratic forms over real field, Singular Value Decomposition		05
		1.6	Application to find google page rank	-	02
		2.1	Line Integral, Cauchy's Integral theorem for simply connected regions, Cauchy's Integral formula		05
2.	Complex Variables:	2.2	Region of Convergence, Taylor's and Laurent's series	1,2,3,4	02
	Integration	2.3	Zeros, singularities, poles of f(z), residues, Cauchy's Residue theorem		04
		2.4	Applications of Residue theorem to evaluate real Integrals of different types		03



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3.	Vector Integration: Line and Surface Integrals	3.1	Line and Surface Integrals, Circulation of a vector, Greens theorem in a plane, Gauss divergence theorem, Stokes theorem	1,2,3,4	06
4.	Probability: Random Variables	4.1	Discrete and continuous random variables (Single and Joint), probability density function, cumulative density function, expectation, variance. Moments and Moment generating function.	1,2,3,4,5,6	07
				Total	42 Hrs

- [1] Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th edition", John Wiley
- [2] H.K.Dass, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 28th edition, S.Chand, 2010
- [3] Grewal B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 38th edition, Khanna Publication
- [4] Thomas & Finney, "Calculus& Analytic Geometry", 9thedition, Addison Wesley.
- [5] Kishor S. Trivedi, "Probability & Statistics with reliability", 2nd edition, Wiley India
- [6] Sheldon M. Ross, "Introduction to Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists"
- [7] H Anton and C Rorres," Elementary Linear Algebra Application Version", 6th edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2010



Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Hrs/week)			Credits Assigned			
		L	Т	P	L	Т	Р	Total
	Analog Electronics-II	03	01		03	01		04
EL41			-	Exami	ination Scheme			
EL41		ISE	2	MSE	E	SE	r.	Fotal
		20 20		20	6	0		100

Pre-requisit	e Cours	e Codes	EL31 (Analog Electronics - I)				
After success	After successful completion of the course, student will be able to						
CO1 Illustrate DC and AC analysis of single stage FET and MOSFET amplifier							
	CO2	O2 Analyze multistage amplifier circuits					
	CO3	Describe	effect of negative feedback on amplifier parameters for different negative				
Course		feedback	topologies				
Outcomes	CO4	Discuss t	Discuss the working of different oscillator circuits.				
	CO5	Calculate	parameters for MOSFET based differential amplifier.				
	CO6	Describe	the working and calculate parameters for different power amplifier				
		circuits.					

Module	Unit	Topics	Ref.	Hrs.
No.	No.			
1	1.1	DC Circuit Analysis:	1,2	06
		Junction Field Effect Transistor (JFET): Self bias, Voltage		
		divider bias, Design and Analysis of Biasing Circuits Metal-Oxide		
		Field Effect Transistor (MOSFET): Common-Source circuits, DC		
		load line and region of operation, Common-MOSFETs		
		configurations, Analysis and Design of Biasing Circuits		
	1.2	AC Analysis:	1,2	04
		JFET Amplifiers: Small-Signal Equivalent Circuit, Small-Signal		
		Analysis MOSFET Amplifiers: Graphical Analysis, load line and		
		Small-Signal parameters, AC Equivalent Circuit, Small-Signal		
		Model. Common-Source, Source Follower, Common-Gate		
2	2.1	Multistage Amplifiers: Multistage (CS-CS), (CS-CE) cascode	3,5	04
		(CS-CG) Amplifiers & Darlington pair.		
	2.2	Frequency analysis of amplifiers: Effect of capacitors (coupling,	1,3	06
		bypass, load) on frequency response of JFET and MOSFET		
		Amplifiers, High frequency hybrid-pi equivalent circuits of		
		MOSFET, Miller Effect and Miller capacitance, unity gain		



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		bandwidth, Low and high frequency response of single stage (
		CS,CG, CD) and multistage (CS-CS).		
3	3.1	Feedback amplifiers: Types of Negative Feedback, block diagram representation, Effect of negative feedback on Input impedance, Output impedance, Gain and Bandwidth with derivation, feedback topologies (analysis of different feedback circuits is not expected).	4,5	04
	3.2	Oscillators: Positive feedback and principle of oscillations, RC oscillators: Phase shift, Wien bridge, LC Oscillators: Hartley, Colpitts and clapp, Tunned Oscillator (no derivations), Twin T Oscillator (no derivations), Crystal Oscillator (BJT circuits analysis).	1,4, 5	06
4	4.1	MOSFET Differential Amplifiers: DC Transfer characteristics, Small signal Analysis, differential and common mode gain, CMRR, differential and common mode input impedance.	1	04
	4.2	MOSFET Constant Current Sources: Two transistor current source, current relationship, output resistance. Improved three transistor current source, Cascode current source, Wilson and Widlar current source	1	04
5	5.1	Power amplifiers: Power BJTs, Power MOSFETs, Heat Sinks, Class A, Class B, Class C and Class AB operation, Power efficiency, Class AB output stage with diode biasing, VBE multiplier biasing, input buffer transistors, Darlington configuration.	1,2	06
			Total	42

- Donald A. Neamen, "Electronic Circuit Analysis and Design", TATA McGraw Hill, Second Edition.
- [2] Adel S. Sedra, Kenneth C. Smith and Arun N Chandorkar," Microelectronic Circuits Theory and Applications", International Version, OXFORD International Students Edition, Fifth Edition.
- [3] David A. Bell, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Oxford, Fifth Edition.
- [4] S. Salivahanan, N. Suresh Kumar, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Tata McGraw Hill, Third Edition
- [5] Jacob Millman, Christos C Halkias, and Satyabratata TIT, "Millman's Electronic Devices and Circuits", McGrawHill, Third Edition
- [6] Muhammad H. Rashid, "Microelectronics Circuits Analysis and Design", Cengage Learning, Second Edition



Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Hrs/week)			Credits Assigned			
		L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	Total
	Principles of Control System	03	01		03	01		04
EI 43			Exami	ination Scheme				
EL42		ISE	Ν	ASE	ESE			Total
		20		20	60			100

Pre-requisite Cours	se	BS11 (Engineering Mathematics - I)				
Codes		BS21 (Engineering Mathematics - II)				
		BS31 (Applied Mathematics - I)				
		EL32 (Circuit Theory)				
After successful com	pletion	of the course, student will be able to				
	CO1	Classify different types of Control systems and formulate mathematical				
		modeling of the given system.				
	CO2	Illustrate the Transient and steady state behavior of given system for				
		standard test inputs.				
	CO3	Analyze the stability of systems in time domain and frequency domain.				
Course Outcomes	CO4	Justify the concept of Controllability and observability using State variable				
		model				
	CO5	Apply the control theory to design the compensators to enhance stability of				
		system				
	CO6	Evaluate the system performance with the use of Compensators &				
		Controllers				

Module No.	Unit No.	Topics					
1	1.1	Introduction to control system: Definition of system, Notion of feedback, Open loop and closed loop systems; feedback and feedforward control structure; Examples of control systems.	1,2	10			
	1.2	Dynamic Response: Standard test signals; Transient and steady state behavior of first and second order systems; Generalized error coefficients, steady state errors in feedback control systems and their types.	1,2	-			
	1.3	1,2					
2	2.1	RepresentationofControlSystem:Blockdiagramrepresentationofsystems,Blockdiagramreductionmethods,Closedlooptransferfunction,signalflowgraph.Mason'sgainrule	1,2	10			



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	2.2	State Space Analysis: Concepts of state space, State equations,	1,2	
		State transition matrix, properties of state transition matrix,		
		Solution of homogeneous systems.		
	2.3	Controllability and Observalibity: Concept of controllability,	3,4	
		Controllability analysis of LTI systems, Concept of observability,		
		Observability analysis of LTI systems using Kalman approach,		
		pole placement using state feedback PBH test		
3	3.1	Time Domain System Stability Analysis : Concepts of Stability	1,2	08
		Concept of absolute, relative and robust stability		
	3.2	Routh-Hurwitz stability criteria	1,2	
	3.3	Root Locus Analysis: Root-locus concepts; General rules for	1,2	
		constructing root-locus; Root-locus analysis of control systems.		
4	4.1	Frequency Domain System Stability Analysis: Relation between	1,2	08
		time and frequency response		
	4.2	Bode Plot: Magnitude and phase plot, Method of plotting Bode	1,2	
		plot; Stability analysis by using Gain and phase margins on the		
		Bode plots		
	4.3	Polar plots, Nyquist stability criterions; Nyquist plot; Gain and	1,2	
		phase margins.		
5	5.1	Compensators & Controllers: Types of compensators,	1,2	06
		Realization of basic compensators –cascade compensation in time		
		domain and frequency domain, Design of lag, lead, lag-lead		
		compensator using Bode plot and Root locus.		-
	5.2	Controllers: Concept of ON/OFF controllers; Concept of P, PI,	1,2	
		PD and PID Controllers.		
	5.3	Advanced Control Systems: Introduction to Robust Control,	3,4	
		Adaptive control and Model predictive control, Neuro- fuzzy		
		controllers, Design of Real life applications of control system		
			Total	42

- [1] I. J. Nagrath, M. Gopal, "Control Systems Engineering", New Age International, Fifth Edition.
- [2] M. Gopal, "Control Systems: Principle and design", Tata McGraw Hill, First Edition.
- [3] Ogata.K, "Modern Control Engineering", Prentice Hall of India, Fifth edition.
- [4] Richard C. Dorf and Robert H. Bishop, "Modern Control System", Pearson, Eleventh Edition.



Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Hrs/week)			Credits Assigned			
		L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	Total
	Computer Organization and Architecture	03			03			03
EI 42				Exami	nination Scheme			
EL43		ISE	ISE MSE		ESE			Total
		20		20	60			100

Pre-requisit	e Cours	e Codes EL33 (Digital Circuits)
After success	sful con	pletion of the course, student will be able to
	CO1	Describe basic structure of computer.
	CO2	Apply arithmetic algorithm for solving problems.
Course	CO3	Compare different processor architectures.
Outcomes	CO4	Describe the memory mapping techniques.
	CO5	Apply I/O concept for simulating I/O device operations.
	CO6	Analyze different parallel processing and pipelining concepts.

Module	Unit	Topics	Ref.	Hrs.
No.	No.			
1		Overview of Computer Architecture & Organization:		
	1.1	Fundamentals of Computer Design : Introduction with Classes of Computers, Defining Computer Architecture, Trends in Technology, Introduction of Computer Organization and Architecture, Basic organization of computer and block level description of the functional units, Evolution of x86 Computers, Von Neumann model, Harvard Model, Embedded system, ARM architecture	1,4	5
	1.2	Performance Issues: Designing for performance, Multicore, GPGPU, Amdahl's Law	1,4	2
2		Data Representation and Arithmetic Algorithms:		
	2.1	Number representation: Floating-point representation, Floating point arithmetic, IEEE 754 floating point number representation	5,6	2
	2.2	Integer Data computation: Addition, Subtraction. Multiplication: Signed multiplication, Booth's algorithm.	5,6	2
	2.3	Division of integers: Restoring and non-restoring division	5,6	2
3		Processor Organization and Control Unit:		
	3.1	CPU Architecture, Register Organization, ISA categories: Complex Instruction Set Computing ISA Features, Reduced Instruction Set Computing ISA Features. Instruction	2,4	4



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		formats, basic instruction cycle. Instruction interpretation and		
		sequencing.		
	3.2	Control Unit:Soft wired (Micro-programmed) and hardwired	2,3	4
		control unit design methods. Microinstruction sequencing and		
		execution. Micro operations, concepts of nano programming.		
	3.3	RISC and CISC: Introduction to RISC and CISC architectures and	3	1
		design issues.		
4		Memory Organization:		
	4.1	Introduction to Memory and Memory parameters. Classifications of	3	3
		primary and secondary memories. Types of RAM and ROM,		
		Allocation policies, Memory hierarchy and characteristics.		
	4.2	Cache memory: Concept, architecture (L1, L2, L3), mapping	2,3	3
		techniques. Cache Coherency, Interleaved and Associative		
		memory.		
	4.3	Virtual Memory: Concept, Segmentation and Paging, Page	4,5	4
		replacement policies. LRU, FIFO		
5		I/O Organization and Introduction to Parallel Processing:		
	5.1	Buses: Types of Buses, Bus Arbitration, BUS standards	5,6	3
	5.2	I/O Interface, I/O channels, I/O modules and IO processor, Types	2,5,6	4
		of data transfer techniques: Programmed I/O, Interrupt driven I/O		
		and DMA.		
	5.3	Introduction to parallel processing concepts, Flynn's classifications,	5	3
		pipeline processing, Pipeline stages, Hazards		
			Total	42

- 1. Carl Hamacher, ZvonkoVranesic and Safwat Zaky, "*Computer Organization*", 5th edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2011.
- 2. John P. Hayes, "*Computer Architecture and Organization*", 3rd edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2012.
- 3. William Stallings, "*Computer Organization and Architecture: Designing* for *Performance*", 9th edition, Pearson, 2012.
- B. Govindarajulu, "Computer Architecture and Organization: Design Principles and Applications", 2nd edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2010.
- 5. Dr. M. Usha, T. S. Srikanth, "Computer System Architecture and Organization", 1st edition, Wiley India, 2012.
- 6. Nicholas P Carter Adapted by Raj Kamal, "*Computer Architecture and Organization*", 2nd edition, Schaum's Outline, Tata McGraw Hill,2010.



Course Code	Course Name		Teaching Scheme (Hrs/week)			Credits Assigned			
		L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	Total	
	Fundamentals of Communication Engineering	03			03			03	
EL44		Examination Scheme					·		
EL44		IS	E	MSI	E	ESE		Total	
		20)	20		60		100	

Pre-requisite Course Codes			EL31 (Analog Electronics - I)								
			EL32 (Circuit Theory)								
After successf	ul compl	etion of the	e course, student will be able to								
	CO1	Infer pri communi	inciple of working of various sub systems of ication	analog							
	CO2	Analyze t	the performance parameters of analog and pulse modulatio	ns							
Course	CO3	Apply co	ncepts of Signals and systems to Analog Communication								
Outcomes	CO4	Analyze p	principle of working of receivers.								
	CO5	Character	rize noise and interpret effect of noise on modulations								
	CO6	Compare	the different analog communication systems.								

Module No.	Unit No.	Topics	Ref.	Hrs.
1	1.1	Amplitude ModulationIntroduction to communication system, Need for modulation, Amplitude Modulation, Definition, Time domain and frequency domain description, power relations in AM waves, Generation of AM waves, square law Modulator, Types of modulators. DSB-SC, time domain and frequency domain description, Generation of DSB-SC Modulated waves, Frequency Division Multiplexing 	1,2	06
	1.2	Single Side Band (SSB):-Principle, Filter method, phase shift method and third method Independent side band (ISB) and Vestigial Side Band (VSB) principles and transmitters	1,2	04
	1.3	Comparison and Applications of different AM Systems	1,2	01
2	2.1	Angle Modulation Frequency modulation (FM): Basic concepts, Mathematical analysis of FM, Time and frequency domain representation, FM generation methods-Varactor diode modulator, FET reactance	1,2	06



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			Total	42
	5.2	Generation, Detection and applications : PCM, Delta modulation, adaptive delta modulation, TDM	1,2	03
		Review of Sampling theory, Generation Detection and applications: PAM, PWM, PPM		
5	5.1	Pulse Modulation	1,5	03
	4.2	Receiver parameters, and choice of IF, Simple AGC, delayed AGC	1,3	04
		Types of receivers, TRF, Super heterodyne receiver, AM and FM receivers		
4	4.1	Radio Receivers	1,3	04
	3.2	Effect of noise on AM and FM, Pre Emphasis and De-Emphasis	1	01
		Properties, noise figure, and noise temperature, Noise Figure of cascaded networks.		
		Noise-In phase and quadrature phase components and its Properties poise figure and poise temperature Noise Figure of		
		Resistive (Thermal) Noise Source, White Noise, Narrowband		
3	3.1	Noise	1,2	- 06
	2.3	Comparison of AM, FM, Applications of FM	1,2	01
		demodulator		
		discriminator, ratio detector, Phase lock loop(PLL) FM	-,-	00
	2.2	FM demodulation: Balance slope detector, Foster-Seely	1,2	03
		modulator, Direct FM transmitter, Indirect FM Transmitter		

- [1] Wayne Tomasi "Electronics communication systems" Pearson education, Third edition.
- [2] Taub and Schilling "Principles of communication systems", Tata McGraw Hill, Third Edition.
- [3] Kennedy and Davis "Electronics communication system", Tata McGraw Hill, Fifth Edition.
- [4] B.P. Lathi "Modern Digital and analog Communication system" OXFORD, Third edition.
- [5] R.P. Sing and S.D. Sapre, "Communication systems Analog and Digital ", Tata McGraw Hill, Fifth Edition.
- [6] Simon Haykin, Michel Moher, "Introduction to Analog and Digital Communication", Wiley, Second edition.
- [7] Dennis Roddy and John Coolen, "Electronic Communication", Prentice Hall, Third Edition.



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Course Code	Course Name		Teaching Scheme (Hrs/week)			Credits Assigned				
		L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	Total		
	Analog Electronics Lab-II			2			1	1		
ELL41				E	xamina	xamination Scheme				
		ISE		MSE		ESE	Total			
		40				20	60			

Pre-requisi	te Cou	rse Codes	EL41 (Analog Electronics -II)					
After succes	After successful completion of the course, student will be able to							
	CO1	Observe th	e frequency response of single stage amplifier circuits by hardware					
		implement	ation					
	CO2	Observe th	e frequency response of multistage amplifier circuits by hardware					
Course		implement	ation					
Course Outcomes	CO3	Implement	and observe the working of low frequency and high frequency					
Outcomes		oscillators						
	CO4	Analyze th	e given differential amplifier circuit					
	CO5	Realize the	e effect of negative feedback on circuit parameters.					
	CO6	Examine t	he given circuit for the possible faults.					

Exp. No.	. Suggested List of Experiments					
1	1 Obtain bandwidth and gain for the given single stage CS amplifier					
2	Obtain frequency response of cascode amplifier	1,2	5			
3	Design RC phase shift oscillator for 1KHz frequency.	1,2	5			
4	Obtain frequency of oscillation for Colpitt's and Hartley oscillator.	1,2	5			
5	Analyze effect of negative feedback on gain and bandwidth for current series negative feedback amplifier.	1,2	5			
6	Compare theoretical and observed differential gain, common mode gain and CMRR for the given differential amplifier circuit.	1,2	5			
7	Identify the circuit and possible faults in it for the desired output for given hardware	1,2	5			
8	Simulate Class A, Class B and Class AB power amplifier circuits using given simulation tool.	1,2	5			
	Total N	Marks	40			

References:

[1] Datasheets of components

[2] Donald A. Neamen, "Electronic Circuit Analysis and Design", TATA McGraw Hill, 2nd Ed.



Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Hrs/week)			Credits Assigned				
		L	Т	Р	L	Т		P	Total
				2				1	1
ELL42	Principles of Control Systems Lab	Ε			Examination Scheme				
		ISE		MSE		ES	E	Total	
		40						40	

Pre-requisite	e Course	Codes	EL42 (Principles of Control Systems)						
After successful completion of the course, student will be able to									
	CO1 Examine working principle and application of given control system								
		compon	ents.						
	CO2	Develop	a program using suitable programming language for time and						
Course		frequence	cy domain analysis of a given system.						
Outcomes	CO3	Demons	trate the dynamic behavior of the system in time domain and						
		frequenc	frequency domain.						
	CO4	Experim	Experiment the effect of compensator on the performance of control system.						
	CO5	Identify	dentify and demonstrate any control system for real life application.						

Exp. No.	Suggested List of Experiments	Ref.	Marks
1	To plot Synchro characteristics and Synchro transmitter-receiver as an	1	5
	error detector.		
2	To plot Speed torque characteristic of DC servo motor.	1	5
3	To plot characteristics of Potentiometer and its loading effect for different conditions of load.	1	5
4	To determine the line and load regulation characteristics of AC servo voltage stabilizer at different line and load conditions and observe the mechanism of AC voltage stabilization as an example of closed control system.	1	5
5	Using Linear System I Trainer Kit obtain the frequency response of first order and second order system.	1	5
6	Using Linear System II Trainer Kit obtain the time response of closed loop RLC circuit with integrator circuit and study the effect of Lead, Lag Compensator on its time response. Compare these results with mathematical expressions derived for the system.	1	5



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7	a) Develop a program to define the given closed loop transfer function	2,3,4	5
	of system and plot their poles & zeros on s-plane.		
	b) Develop a program to find the step response of a given second order		
	control system and obtain its time domain parameters from this step		
	response. Compare these results with mathematical calculations.		
	c) Develop a program for a given control system described by its state space equation to find solution in terms of state transition matrix, zero input response, zero state response, complete response.		
	d) Develop a program for a given control system described by its state		
	space equation to find system is controllable or not, observable or not, to		
	find rank of matrix and using rank comment on system controllability		
	and observability		
	e) Develop a program to obtain the root locus of a system described by		
	its Transfer Function with unity feedback, Comment on the stability of		
	this given control system. Compare these results with mathematical		
	calculations.		
	f) Develop a program to find gain margin and phase margin of the		
	system described by its Transfer Function with unity feedback.		
	Comment on the stability of this given control system. Compare these		
	results with mathematical calculations.		
8	Mini-Project: Identify the model of control system for real life	1,2,3	5
	application and demonstrate controlling action for the same. Use	,4	
	appropriate software platform.		
Total Mar	·ks		40

- [1] Lab manuals
- [2] www.mathworks.com
- [3] www.scilab.org
- [4] www.ni.com/labview



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Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Hrs/week)			Credits Assigned			
		L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	Total
	Fundamentals of Communication Engineering Lab			2			1	1
ELL44				E	xamina	tion Sc	heme	
			ISE		MS	E	ESE	Total
		40					40	

Pre-requisi	te Cou	rse Codes EL44 (Fundamentals of Communication Engineering)							
After succes	After successful completion of the course, student will be able to								
	CO1	Implement the circuit and observe the working principle of analog modulation techniques							
	CO2	Implement the circuit and analyze the working principle of analog demodulators							
Course	CO3	Make use of simulation software to study given communication circuits							
Outcomes	CO4	Implement circuits for analog pulse modulation techniques like PAM, PPM and PWM to observe modulated waveforms							
	CO5	Implement the circuit for generation of natural sampling and its effect on reconstruction of the wave.							
	CO6	Work in a team to implement the given communication circuit							

Exp. No.	Suggested List of Experiments	Ref.	Marks		
1	Simulation and implementation of double sideband full carrier for various modulation index	1,2	5		
2	2 Implement the frequency modulation circuit to obtain FM waveforms and calculate modulation index				
3	Analyze effect of pre-emphasis and de-emphasis on FM waveforms	1	5		
4	Implementation of natural sampling and reconstruction of waveforms	1	5		
5	Implementation and detection of pulse amplitude modulation.	2	5		
6	Implementation of pulse width modulation	2	5		
7	Implementation of pulse position modulation.	1,2	5		
8	Mini-Project: Demonstrate the working of given communication circuits	1,2,	5		
	using simulation tools like TINA/Matlab/Scilab/LabVIEW.	3			
Total Marks					

References:

[1] Wayne Tomasi "Electronics communication systems" Pearson education, Third edition, 2001.

[2] Kennedy and Davis "Electronics communication system", Tata McGraw Hill. Fourth Edition.

[3] B.P. Lathi "Modern Digital and analog Communication system" Third edition, OXFORD



Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Hrs/week)			Credits Assigned			
		L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	Total
	Electrical Machines Lab			2			1	1
ELL45				E	Examination Sc		heme	•
ELL 4 5			ISE		MS	SE	ESE	Total
		40					40	

Pre-requisi	te Cou	rse Codes EL45 (Electrical Machines)							
After successful completion of the course, student will be able to									
	CO1	Validate speed torque characteristics of ac motor and dc motor using							
		simulation software and available machines in the laboratory.							
	CO2	Design a driver circuit for a given stepper motor and DC motor.							
	CO3	Compare three phase squirrel cage induction motor, three phase wound rotor							
		induction motor and single phase induction motor and do the connection to							
Course		control their speed.							
Outcomes	CO4	Identify different parts of the given starters and do the connections of the							
		starters for the respective motors.							
	CO5	Discuss and design the experiment to find the efficiency of motor on given							
		motor-generator set.							
	CO6 Use Expeyes hardware and python programming to observe the output c								
		waveform and its FFT response.							

Exp. No.	Suggested List of Experiments	Ref.	Marks
1	To construct the voltage waveforms for corresponding input current of	4	5
	three phase squirrel cage induction motor using current sensor and		
	EXPEYES for different values of input voltage.		
2	To validate the characteristics of speed control using Armature Voltage	1,2	5
	Control and Flux Control method for a given DC motor.		
3	To validate the characteristics of armature and field winding of a given	2	5
	DC machines		
4	To plot three phase sinusoidal signal using MATLAB and observe the the	2	5
	phase PWM signal. Implement the same using Python programming		
5	To validate the Torque vs speed characteristics of a given DC motor.	2	5
6	A. Discuss and implement a circuit to find the efficiency of a given	1,4	5
	DC motor and DC generator set. Observe the current waveforms		
	using Expeyes hardware and Python programming.		
	B. Discuss and implement a circuit to perform the load test on three		



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Total Marks				
	motors. Explain the need of starters.			
8	Demonstrate the given starters and do the connections with the respective	1	5	
	motor also state the steps followed.			
7	Identify the fault in the given driver circuit to control the speed of the DC	1,3	5	
	Python programming.			
	the current waveforms and its FFT using Expeyes hardware and			
	phase induction motor using given Motor-Generator set. Observe			

- D. P. Kothari and I J Nagarath, "Electrical Machines", McGrawHill publications, Fourth edition
- [2] Sailendra Nath Bhadra, "Electric Machinery Experiment laboratory practices and simulation study", Narosa
- [3] Gopal K. Dubey, "Fundamental of Electrical Drives", Narosa, second edition.
- [4] Mueller John Paul, "Beginning programming with Python for Dummies, Wiley publication.



Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Hrs/week)			Credits Assigned			
		L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	Total
	Computer Methods for Circuit Simulation Lab			2			1	1
ELL46				E	Examination Scheme			
ELL-0			ISE		MS	SE	ESE	Total
		40					40	

			Programming in C			
Pre-requisi	Pre-requisite Course Codes		BS31 (Mathematics)			
			EL32 (Circuit theory)			
After succes	After successful completion of the course, student will be able to					
	CO1	Illustrate a	Illustrate a network in terms algebraic equations			
Course	CO2	Apply Nu	Apply Numerical techniques to solve linear and non linear algebraic equations			
Outcomes	CO3	Perform D	Perform DC and Transient analysis on Electrical networks			
	CO4	Analyze tl	he given circuit using Monte Carlo			

Exp. No.	Suggested List of Experiments	Ref.	Marks
1	Formulation of Linear algebraic Equations for Network using Modified	1,3,4	5
	Nodal Analysis and Apply Gaussian Elimination and L U decomposition methods for Solution		
2	Apply Indirect methods (Gauss-Seidel and Gauss Jacobi) to find Solution of Linear algebraic Circuit Equation	1,3,4	5
3	Formulation of Non-Linear algebraic Equations for Network and Applying Newton – Raphson method to solve them	2,3,4	5
4	Applying Newton – Raphson method for solving a MOSFET based Non-Linear algebraic Circuit Equations	1,3,4	5
5	Transient simulation using Forward Eular, Backward Eular and Trapezoidal method. Verification of Stability in each method.	2,3,4	5
6	Solution of differential circuit equations using linear multistep methods	1,3,4	5
7	Solution of differential circuit equations using trapezoidal ringing	1,3,4	5
8	Perform Monte-Carlo Analysis on given circuit	1,2,3,4	5
	Total	Marks	40



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- [1] F. N. Najm, Circuit Simulation, Wiley-IEEE Press, 2010
- [2] M.B. Patil, V. Ramanarayanan, V. T. Ranganathan, Simulation of Power Electronic Circuits, Narosa
- [3] E. Balagurusamy, Numerical Methods, TATA McGRAW HILL
- [4] R. Raghuram, Computer Simulation of Electronic Circuits, New Age International



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Course Code	Course Name	Т	Credits Assigned					
		L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	Total
	Yoga-Vidya	1	-	-	Non-Credits			
LA1			on Scheme					
LAI		ISE1		ISE2	Attendance Tota		Total	
		20		20	10		50	

Student will be evaluated after six sessions for 20 Marks (ISE1) and at the end of last session for 20 Marks (ISE2). Grade equivalent to 'D' (50%-59.99% Marks) or above is considered as 'Satisfactory'. If any of the tasks given is not completed/submitted/shown/evaluated then the corresponding lower grade will be given. Although the grades are given they will not mentioned in final grade card but they are necessary to declare the successful completion of the Non-Credit course.

Pre-requisite	Course	Codes				
After success	After successful completion of the course, student will be able to					
CO1 Student will be able to perform various techniques of Yoga						
Course	urse CO2 Student will be able to follow healthy habits to improve immune system					
Outcomes CO3 Studen		Student will be able to describe the importance of Yoga in one's life				
	CO4	Student will be able to make resolution to practice techniques of Yoga				

Through this course, students will get an all-round experience of how Yoga can benefit their body, breath, emotions along with relaxation techniques to maintain a calm and balanced state of mind.

Day	Topics	Hrs.
No.		
1	What is Yoga, why Yoga?	1
	Techniques: warm up stretches for hands, legs, neck; Sukhasana, Padmasana	
2	Introduction to Ashtanga Yoga	1
	Techniques: Talasana, Utkatasana, Konasana 2	
3	Asana classification and importance of different types of Asanas	1
	Techniques: Sthita-prarthanasana, Ekpadasana, Garudasana	
4	Yogendra rhythm- breathing pattern	1
	Techniques: Parvatasana, Yashtikasana	
5	Forward bending and abdominal compression	1
	Techniques: Konasana 3, Yogamudra	
6	Shuddhi Kriyas- Prevention of diseases by improving immune system	1
	Techniques: Jalaneti, Kapalabhati	



7	Yogic Aahar	1
	Techniques: Vajrasana, Pavanmuktasana	
8	Relaxation and it's importance	1
	Techniques: Shavasana	
9	Spine and it's importance in Yoga	1
	Techniques: Bhujangasana, Makarasana, Vakrasana	
10	Pranayama	1
	Techniques: Basic techniques	
11	Attitude training	1
	Techniques: connecting techniques to concepts.	
12	Pranayama	1
	Techniques: Traditional Pranayama	
13	Yogachara- The Yoga way of living	1
	Techniques: Games	
14	Revision	1



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Course Code	Course Name	Т	Credits Assigned					
Code		L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	Total
	Music Appreciation	1	-	-	Non-Credits			its
LA2		Examination Scheme						
LAZ		ISE1		ISE2	Attendance		nce	Total
		2	20	20		10		50
Student will be evaluated after six sessions for 20 Marks (ISE1) and at the end of last session for 20								

Marks (ISE2). Grade equivalent to 'D' (50%-59.99% Marks) or above is considered as 'Satisfactory'. If any of the tasks given is not completed/submitted/shown/evaluated then the corresponding lower grade will be given. Although the grades are given they will not mentioned in final grade card but they are necessary to declare the successful completion of the Non-Credit course.

Pre-requisite Course Codes		Codes	
After success	ful compl	etion of t	he course, student will be able to
Course CO1 Appreciat		Apprec	iate various processes of Music composition
Outcomes CO2 Appreciate the role of engineers in sound recording		iate the role of engineers in sound recording	

S.N.	Topics	Hrs.
1	Introduction to audio and digital audio	2 hr
2	Types of Mics and Speakers	1 hr
3	Introduction to instruments	2 hr
4	Introduction to Audio Console	2 hr
5	Audio Production Process	2 hr
6	Effects	2 hr
7	Mixing aesthetics	2 hr
8	Make your song	2 hr



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Course Code	Course Name	Т	Teaching Scheme (Hrs/week)				Credits Assigned			
Code		L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	Total		
	Dramatics	1	-	-	Non-Credits			its		
TAO			Examinatio			on Scheme				
LA3		IS	E1	ISE2	At	tenda	nce	Total		
		2	20	20		10		50		

Student will be evaluated after six sessions for 20 Marks (ISE1) and at the end of last session for 20 Marks (ISE2). Grade equivalent to 'D' (50%-59.99% Marks) or above is considered as 'Satisfactory'. If any of the tasks given is not completed/submitted/shown/evaluated then the corresponding lower grade will be given. Although the grades are given they will not mentioned in final grade card but they are necessary to declare the successful completion of the Non-Credit course.

Pre-requisite	Course	Codes		
After successful completion or			the course, student will be able to	
	CO1	Under	Understand an Art of Theatre.	
Course	CO2	Expres	Express their thoughts.	
Outcomes	CO3	Create	and visualize new ideas.	
	CO4	Perfor	Perform impressively.	

Day	Topics	Hrs.
No.		
1	Lalitkala (Forms of Art)	1
2	Drama – Show and Text	1
3	Techniques – Abhinay (Acting)	1
4	1. Vachik Abhinay (Reading)	1
5	2. Angik Abhinay (Expressions)	1
6	3. Satvik Abhinay	1
7	Digdarshan (Direction)	1
8	Nepathya (Settings)	1
9	Veshbhusha (Drapery)	1
10	Natyabhasha (Dialogs and Language)	1
11	Kaal and Avakash (Time and Space)	1
12	Natya Rasa (Theory of Rasa)	1
13	Natya Rasa (Theory of Rasa)	1
14	Aswad prakriya	1
	Total	14



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- [1] An Actors prepare Stanislavsky (English)
- [2] A building a Character Stanislavsky(English)
- [3] Natyashastra Bharatmuni (English And Marathi)
- [4] Abhinaysadhana- K. Narayan Kale (Marathi)
- [5] Natyavimarsh-K. Narayan Kale (Marathi)
- [6] Jagatik Rangabhumicha Itihas Kru. Ra. Sawant (Marathi)
- [7] Marathi Rangabhumicha Itihas Shri. Na. Banahatti (Marathi)
- [8] Lalitkalamimansa- Go. Chi. Bhate(Marathi)
- [9] Sahitya Adhyapan Ani Prakar- va. la. Kulakarni Gauravgranth(Marathi)
- [10] Vachik Abhinay- Dr. Shriram Lagoo (Marathi)
- [11] Rangnayak- Arwind Deshpande



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'Activity Based Learning'

ABL1: Building Automation, Fire Safety and Electronic Security

This is non-credit activity conducted in semester III for all the branches of engineering. It is compulsory for all the students to appear for this activity.

This is one day event involving following activities:

- 1. Invited Talks on the related topics
- 2. Poster Presentation
- 3. Fire/Safety Drills
- 4. Design competition in building automation, fire safety and security.
- 5. Short Film Making

This event shall be conducted in association with Fire and Security Association of India (FSAI).

ABL2: OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY & LEGAL STUDIES FOR ENGINEERS

Engineering is the branch of science and technology concerned with design, building and the use of engine, machines and structures. In this fast moving world scenario, it is seen that the field of Engineering has travelled a very long distance of time space. In the modern parlance, this field must be properly knitted with the other two important dimensions—SAFETY & LAW. An Engineer must have adequate knowledge of these vital subject if he ever wishes to establish himself in this Industrial world.

The following activities have been designed to meet up with the growing expectations with the concerned topic. Students are requested to actively participate in those activities based learning to catch up with the realities of the industrial world.

Hence, the activities are divided into 5 parts—MOOT COURT, DEBATE, ELOCUTION, PRESENTATION & ROLE PLAY

1) MOOT COURT:

It is a process in which participants take part in simulated court proceedings, usually involving drafting memorials or memoranda and participating in oral argument. It is just a dummy presentation of the actual court proceedings. It will have a pair of counsel from the defendant as well as the prosecution



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side. The case write up will be given to both the sides well in advance. They need to study the case along the lines of actual law pertaining to the case which will be more or less company law, intellectual property laws, banking laws, insurance laws or negotiable instrument laws. Both sides will have a researcher who will work along with his respective team to unearth any backdated supportive cases. The sides has to come in common consensus to work on issues which should not be more than five. Based on those issues both sides will present their case turn by turn with the permission of the judge. Judge can consist of persons ranging from 1 to 3. The issues should be dealt with in the book called memorial which should be prepared by both the sides. The prosecution will start the case followed by the defendants. Nobody can criss-cross each other's time of presentation. The judge/s have to control the whole proceedings properly. The judge has the power to give permission for rebuttal as per his own whims. In the end he will pass the judgment based on law.

2) <u>DEBATE:</u>

Debates will have topics based on safety and law based and the pair of participants need to stand for or against the motion.

3) <u>ELOCUTION:</u>

Same will be the case with elocution but it will be extempore and the participants will have to present their insights on the topic given on the spot.

4) PRESENTATION:

A PPT presentation will have topics based on legal laws and students need to prepare the same. The list of topics are:

Sale deed, WILL, Gift Deed, Agreement, Power of attorney, MOU(Memorandum of Understanding), Non-Disclosure agreements, Affidavit, Charter, Partnership deed, Copyrights Transfer Agreement, Franchise Termination, Lease purchase contract, Letters Patent, Legal Threat, Promissory Note, Share Certificate, Share transmission, PIL (Public Interest Litigation).

5) <u>ROLE PLAY:</u>

This activity is a group activity whereby they have to work as a team and enact some situation pertaining to law or safety in the Industrial premises. It's a fun activity whereby they camouflage themselves stepping into the shoes of the role that they will be performing to create an awareness amongst the audience of what to do in case they find themselves in same situations in near future.

6) Client Counseling

The Client Counseling addresses fundamental skill of ability to interview, counsel, and support a client through their legal issue. Competitors conduct an initial interview with a person playing the role of the client and then address both the client's legal and non-legal needs.

7) <u>Negotiation</u>

Negotiation provides a means for students to practice and improve their negotiating skills. The activity simulates legal negotiations in which students, acting as lawyers, negotiate a series of legal problems. The simulations consist of a common set of facts known by all participants and confidential information known only to the participants representing a particular side.



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Competitive Examinations Preparation (CEP): (Extra credits=2)

Salient Features of CEP:

- ➢ It is optional module
- > Motivation, mentoring and preparation of students to pursue higher education
- > Modules as per national level technical competitive examination GATE
- Motivation, mentoring and preparation of students to join public sector or government organizations like BARC, DRDO etc.
- Motivation, mentoring and preparation of students to join top ranking technical institutes in country like IISc and IIT.
- Module design as per the courses studies in that semester or prior semester by considering syllabus of GATE examination
- > Help to sharpen the problem solving skills of students and concerned teachers
- > Course mentors will be allotted at the start of academic year
- ➤ Two (2) extra credits will be given if
 - 1. Student submit Valid Gate Score card.
 - 2. Must pass CEP1 to CEP6 in modal question papers given by the faculty
 - 3. Maintains regular contact with CEP course teachers

CEP Courses:

Semester III: CEP1: Introduction to CEP

One hour introduction session to entire class about CEP.

Student shall be assigned as 'Teaching Assistant' to Engineering Mathematics Course -I.

Student shall maintain regular contact with the semester III course teachers (once in a week per course). Teacher shall maintain the attendance of the student. Teacher shall mentor student and give assignments with GATE level problems to solve. At least TWO assignments per course shall be submitted by the student.

After End Semester Examination student shall appear for the Model Test paper based on the pattern of the actual GATE Examination. This paper shall be based on the contents of Semester-I and Semester-III courses. The negative marking is applicable as per GATE pattern.

The student shall obtain minimum 10 marks to continue registration in CEP module for next semester onwards.



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Semester IV: CEP2: Problem solving module-I

Student shall be assigned as 'Teaching Assistant' to Engineering Mathematics Course–II and Basics of electrical Engineering.

Student shall maintain regular contact with the semester IV course teachers (once in a week per course). Teacher shall maintain the attendance of the student. Teacher shall mentor student and give assignments with GATE level problems to solve. At least TWO assignments per course shall be submitted by the student.

After End Semester Examination student shall appear for the Model Test paper based on the pattern of the actual GATE Examination. This paper shall be based on the contents of Semester-II and Semester-IV courses. The negative marking is applicable as per GATE pattern.

The student shall obtain minimum 10 marks to continue registration in CEP module for next semester onwards.

Semester V: CEP3: Problem solving module-II

Student shall be assigned as 'Teaching Assistant' to Semester III courses.

Student shall maintain regular contact with the semester V course teachers (once in a week per course). Teacher shall maintain the attendance of the student. Teacher shall mentor student and give assignments with GATE level problems to solve. At least TWO assignments per course shall be submitted by the student.

After End Semester Examination student shall appear for the Model Test paper based on the pattern of the actual GATE Examination. This paper shall be based on the contents of Semester-V courses. The negative marking is applicable as per GATE pattern.

The student shall obtain minimum 10 marks to continue registration in CEP module for next semester onwards.

Semester VI: CEP4: Problem solving module –III

Student shall be assigned as 'Teaching Assistant' to Semester IV courses.

Self Learning: Numerical Ability and Verbal Ability

Student shall maintain regular contact with the semester VI course teachers (once in a week per course). Teacher shall maintain the attendance of the student. Teacher shall mentor student and give assignments with GATE level problems to solve. At least TWO assignments per course shall be submitted by the student.



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After End Semester Examination student shall appear for the Model Test paper based on the pattern of the actual GATE Examination. This paper shall be based on the contents of Semester VI courses and self learning module on numerical ability and verbal ability. The negative marking is applicable as per GATE pattern.

The student shall obtain minimum 10 marks to continue registration in CEP module for next semester onwards.

Semester VII: CEP5: Problem solving module-IV

Student shall be assigned as 'Teaching Assistant' to Semester V courses.

Self Learning: Contents not covered in any semester of study

Student shall maintain regular contact with the semester VII course teachers (once in a week per course). Teacher shall maintain the attendance of the student. Teacher shall mentor student and give assignments with GATE level problems to solve.

At least TWO assignments per course shall be submitted by the student.

After End Semester Examination student shall appear for the Model Test paper based on the pattern of the actual GATE Examination. This paper shall be based on the contents of entire syllabus of GATE Examination. The negative marking is applicable as per GATE pattern.

The student shall obtain minimum 10 marks to continue registration in CEP module for next semester onwards.

Semester VIII: CEP6: Problem solving module-V

At the start of the semester student shall appear for the TWO Model Test papers based on the pattern of the actual GATE Examination. This paper shall be based on the contents of entire syllabus of GATE Examination. The negative marking is applicable as per GATE pattern.

Student shall submit 'Valid GATE Score Card' after declaration of GATE result.



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Mapping with Syllabus for GATE Exam (Semester-wise)

Semester – I

Engineering Mathematics-I : basis, linear dependence and independence, matrix algebra, eigen values and eigen vectors, rank, solution of linear equations – existence and uniqueness. partial derivatives, maxima and minima, Taylor series, Vectors in plane and space, vector operations, gradient, divergence and curl,

Semester-II

Engineering mathematics –**II:** multiple integrals, Differential Equations: First order equations (linear and nonlinear), higher order linear differential equations, Cauchy's and Euler's equations, methods of solution using variation of parameters, complementary function and particular integral, partial differential equations, variable separable method, initial and boundary value problems. single and multi-step methods for differential equations

Basics of Electrical Engineering : Network solution methods: nodal and mesh analysis; Network theorems: superposition, Thevenin and Norton's, maximum power transfer; Wye-Delta transformation; Steady state sinusoidal analysis using phasors

Semester-III

Applied Mathematics-I: Gauss's, Green's and Stoke's theorems, Cauchy's integral theorem, Cauchy's integral formula; Taylor's and Laurent's series, residue theorem.

Circuit Theory: Network solution methods: nodal and mesh analysis; Network theorems: superposition, Thevenin and Norton's, maximum power transfer; Wye-Delta transformation; Steady state sinusoidal analysis using phasors;

Time domain analysis of simple linear circuits; Solution of network equations using Laplace transform; Frequency domain analysis of RLC circuits;

Linear 2-port network parameters: driving point and transfer functions; State equations for Networks

Analog Electronics-I: Energy bands in intrinsic and extrinsic silicon; Carrier transport: diffusion current, drift current, mobility and resistivity; Generation and recombination of carriers; Poisson and continuity equations; P-N junction, Zener diode, BJT, MOS capacitor, MOSFET, LED, photo diode and solar cell;

Small signal equivalent circuits of diodes, BJTs and MOSFETs; Simple diode circuits: clipping, clamping and rectifiers; Single-stage BJT amplifiers

Digital Circuits: Number systems; Combinatorial circuits: Boolean algebra, minimization of functions using Boolean identities and Karnaugh map, logic gates and their static CMOS implementations, arithmetic circuits, code converters, multiplexers, decoders and PLAs; Sequential circuits: latches and flip-flops, counters, shift-registers and finite state machines;



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Semester-IV

Applied Mathematics-II: line, surface and volume integrals, Analytic functions, Mean, median, mode and standard deviation, probability distribution functions - binomial, Poisson, exponential and normal; Joint and conditional probability

Analog Electronics-II: MOSFET amplifiers: biasing, bias stability, mid-frequency small signal analysis and frequency response; BJT and MOSFET amplifiers: multi-stage, differential, feedback, power circuits, Sinusoidal oscillators: criterion for oscillation

Principles of Control System: Basic control system components; Feedback principle; Transfer function; Block diagram representation; Signal flow graph; Transient and steady-state analysis of LTI systems;

Frequency response; Routh-Hurwitz and Nyquist stability criteria; Bode and root-locus plots; Lag, lead and lag-lead compensation; State variable model and solution of state equation of LTI systems.

Fundamentals of Communication Engineering: Analog communications: amplitude modulation and demodulation, angle modulation and demodulation, spectra of AM and FM, superheterodyne receivers, circuits for analog communications;

Semester V:

Continuous Time Signal System: Fourier series and Fourier transform representations, sampling theorem and applications

filtering of random signals through LTI systems;

IC Technology: Integrated circuit fabrication process: oxidation, diffusion, ion implantation, photolithography and twin-tub CMOS process.

Design with Linear Integrated Circuits: Simple op-amp circuits; Active filters; single-transistor and opamp configurations; Function generators, wave-shaping circuits and 555 timers; Voltage reference circuits; Power supplies: ripple removal and regulation.

Data converters: sample and hold circuits, ADCs and DACs

Computer Organisation & Architecture: Semiconductor memories: ROM, SRAM, DRAM

ElectroMagnetic Engineering: Electrostatics; Maxwell's equations: differential and integral forms and their interpretation, boundary conditions, wave equation, Poynting vector; Plane waves and properties:

reflection and refraction, polarization, phase and group velocity, propagation through various media, skin depth; Transmission lines: equations, characteristic impedance,

impedance matching, impedance transformation, S-parameters, Smith chart; Waveguides: modes, boundary conditions, cut-off frequencies, dispersion relations;

Antennas: antenna types, radiation pattern, gain and directivity, return loss, antenna arrays

Semester VI:

Discrete Time Signal System: Discrete-time signals: discrete-time Fourier transform (DTFT), DFT, FFT, Z-transform, interpolation of discrete-time signals; LTI systems: definition and properties, causality, stability, impulse response, convolution, poles and zeros, parallel and cascade structure, frequency response, group delay, phase delay, digital filter design techniques



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Semester VII:

Elective: Random processes: autocorrelation and power spectral density, properties of white noise; Information theory: entropy, mutual information and channel capacity theorem; Digital communications: PCM, DPCM, digital modulation schemes, amplitude, phase and frequency shift keying (ASK, PSK, FSK), QAM, MAP and ML decoding, matched filter receiver, calculation of bandwidth, SNR and BER for digital modulation; Fundamentals of error correction, Hamming codes; Timing and frequency synchronization, inter-symbol interference and its mitigation; Basics of TDMA, FDMA and CDMA.

Not covered in any Semester

Engineering Mathematics: Linear Algebra: Vector space

Calculus: Mean value theorems, theorems of integral calculus, evaluation of definite and improper integrals

Solution of nonlinear equations, convergence criteria.

Combinatorial probability

Correlation and regression analysis

Digital Circuits: 8-bit microprocessor (8085): architecture, programming, memory and I/O interfacing.

Electromagnetics: Basics of radar; Light propagation in optical fibers.

Self Learning Module: General Aptitude

I. Verbal Ability

- 1. Grammar
- 2. Nouns, Pronouns, Articles
- 3. Verbs, Auxiliaries, Modals
- 4. Adjectives, Adverbs
- 5. Prepositions, Conjunctions
- 6. Active/ Passive Voice, Direct/ Indirect Speech
- 7. Verbal phrases
- 8. Sentence Completion
- 9. Vocabulary
- 10. Synonyms
- 11. Antonyms
- 12. Analogy
- 13. Reverse Analogy
- 14. Verbal Reasoning
- 15. Critical Reasoning



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16. Logical Reasoning

II. Numerical Ability

I. Quantitative Aptitude:

- 1. Simple Equations
- 2. Ratio-proportion-variation
- 3. Numbers
- 4. Percentage, Profit and Loss
- 5. Simple Interest and Compound Interest
- 6. Average, mixtures and Alligations
- 7. Time and Work
- 8. Time and Distance
- 9. Indices, Surds, Logarithms
- 10. Quadratic Equations
- 11. Inequalities
- 12. Progressions
- 13. Permutations and Combinations
- 14. Data Interpretation

II. Reasoning

- 1. Number and Letter Series
- 2. Analogies
- 3. Odd man out (Classification)
- 4. Coding and Decoding
- 5. Blood relations
- 6. Venn Diagrams
- 7. Seating Arrangements
- 8. Puzzles
- 9. Clocks and Calendars