

## (REVISED COURSE)

(3 Hours)

[ Total Marks : 100

**N.B** (1) Question No. 1 is **compulsory**.(2) Attempt any **four** questions out of the remaining **six** questions.(3) **Figures** to the **right** indicate **full marks**.(4) Assume **suitable** data if **necessary**.

1. (a) Determine whether the following signals are periodic :

(i)  $\cos(0.01\pi n)$  (ii)  $\sin 3n$

(b) Test the linearity and time-invariance of the following systems :

(i)  $y(n) = \cos[x(n)]$  (ii)  $y(n) = x(n) \cos(\omega_0 n)$

(c) Find the energy of the signal :

$$x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n) + 3^n u(-n-1)$$

(d) Find the Z-transform of the following sequence :

$$x(n) = -na^n u(n-1)$$

(e) Determine the range of values of 'a' and 'b' for which the LTI system with impulse response as given below is stable :

$$h(n) = \begin{cases} a^n, & n \geq 0 \\ b^n, & n < 0 \end{cases}$$

2. (a) A causal DT system has transfer function  $H(Z)$  such that  $H(Z) = H_1(Z) \cdot H_2(Z)$ . $H_1(Z)$  has one pole at  $Z = \frac{1}{2}$  and one zero at  $z = \frac{1}{3}$ .  $H_2(z)$  has one pole at  $Z = 0$  andzero at  $Z = -\frac{1}{2}$ .

(i) Find the transfer function of the system

(ii) Find the difference equation of the system

(iii) Find the response of the system to the input  $x(n) = \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n)$ .

(iv) Draw the pole zero plot of the overall system and hence comment on the stability of the system.

(b) State and prove convolution theorem of Z-transform. Using this property, determine the convolution of the following pairs of signals :

$$x_1(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n)$$

$$x_2(n) = \left[1 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n\right] u(n)$$

3. Consider an LTI system, initially at rest, described by the difference equation :

$$y(n) = \frac{1}{4} y(n - 2) + x(n).$$

- (a) Determine the impulse response  $h(n)$  of the system. 4
- (b) What is the response of the system to the input signal 4

$$x(n] = \left[ \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^n + \left( \frac{-1}{2} \right)^n \right] u(n).$$

- (c) Determine the direct form II, parallel form and cascade form realizations of the system. 6
- (d) Determine and sketch the magnitude response and phase response of the system. 6

4. (a) Let  $x(n] = \{ 1, 2, 3, 4 \}$  10
- (i) Find  $x(k)$  using the DFT equation
  - (ii) If  $x_1(n] = \{ 1, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2, 3, 4 \}$  find  $X_1(K)$  using the above result.

- (b) Determine the inverse z-transform of  $X(z) = \frac{1}{1 - 1.5z^{-1} + 0.5z^{-2}}$  if 10
- (i) ROC :  $|z| > 1$
  - (ii) ROC :  $|z| < 0.5$
  - (iii) ROC :  $0.5 < |z| < 1.$

5. (a) Using DITFFT, find DFT  $X_1(K)$  of the following sequence : 10  
 $x_1(n] = \{ 1, 2, -1, 2, 4, 2, -1, 2 \}.$
- (b) If  $X_2(k) = X_1(k) - 2$ , without performing IDFT, find  $x_2(n]$  5
  - (c) If  $x_3(n] = x_1(-n]$ , without performing FFT, find  $x_3(n]$ . 5

6. (a) A second order discrete time system is given by the difference equation : 10  
 $y(n] - 0.1 y(n - 1) - 0.02 y(n - 2) = 2x(n] - x(n - 1)$   
 If the system input is  $x(n] = u(n]$  and the initial conditions are  $y(-1) = 10$  and  $y(-2) = 5$ , find :  
 (i) Zero input response  
 (ii) Zero state response  
 (iii) Total response.

- (b) A Linear Time-invariant system is characterized by the system function : 10

$$H(z) = \frac{3 - 4z^{-1}}{1 - 3.5z^{-1} + 1.5z^{-2}}$$

Specify ROC of  $H(z)$  and determine  $h(n)$  for the following conditions :

- (i) The system is stable
- (ii) The system is causal
- (iii) The system is anticausal
- (iv) Find the difference equation of the above system.

7. Write notes on any **four** :— 20

- (a) Architecture of DSP processor
- (b) Auto-correlation and cross-correlation
- (c) Maximum and minimum phase systems
- (d) Comparison of computational complexity of DFT and FFT
- (e) Linear Phase FIR filter properties.