(OLD COURSE)

QP Code:12207

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks: 100

N.B. (1) Question No.1 is compulsory.

- (2) Attempt any four questions out of the remaining six questions.
- (3) Figures to right indicate full marks.
- 1. (a) Determine the constants a, b, c, d if $f(z) = x^2 + 2axy + by^2 + i(cx^2 + 2dxy + y^2)$ is 5. analytic
 - (b) Find the Fourier series expansion for f(x) = x in $(0, 2\pi)$
 - (c) Find the Laplace transform of $\cos 2t \cdot \cosh 2t$
 - (d) If $\{f(k)\}=\{2^0,2^1,2^3,\dots\}$ find $Z\{f(k)\}$.
- 2. (a) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-3t} \cos^{3} t \, dt$
 - (b) Find the Fourier series expansion for $f(x) = \left(\frac{\pi x}{2}\right)^2$ in the interval $0 \le x \le 2\pi$ & $f(x + 2\pi) = f(x)$ Also deduce that $\frac{\pi^2}{6} = \frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{4^2} + \cdots$
 - (c) For what value of λ the equations $x+y+z=1, \quad x+2y+4z=\lambda, \quad x+4y+10z=\lambda^2$ have a solution and solve them completely in each case
- 3. (a) Find Laplace Transform of following
 - i) $\int_{0}^{t} \frac{1 e^{-au}}{u} du$ ii) $\frac{1}{t}e^{-t} \sin t$.
 - (b) Reduce the following matrices to normal form and find its rank.
 - $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 & 6 \\ 1 & 3 & -3 & -4 \\ 5 & 3 & 3 & 11 \end{bmatrix}$
 - (b) Evaluate by Green's theorem $\int_C \left[\left(3x^2 8y^2 \right) dx + \left(4y 6xy \right) dy \right]$ where C is the boundary of the region bounded by $y = \sqrt{x}$, $y = x^2$.
- 4. (a) Obtain complex form of Fourier series for the functions $f(x) = e^{ax}$ in (0,a) 6
 - (b) Express the following matrix as the sum of symmetric and skew-symmetric $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 5 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$

matrices. 1 1 1 4 5 9

- (c) Find inverse Laplace Transform of following
 - i) $\log\left(1 + \frac{a^2}{s^2}\right)$ ii) $\frac{3s + 7}{s^2 2s 3}$

- 5. (a) Prove that $u = e^x \cos y + x^3 3xy^2$ is harmonic.
 - (b) For the matrix A verify that A (adj A) = $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$.
 - (c) Show that the set of functions $\cos x$, $\cos 2x$, $\cos 3x$, \cdots is a set of orthogonal functions over $[-\pi,\pi]$. Hence construct a set of orthonormal functions
- 6. (a) Obtain half-range sine series for f(x) = x(2-x) in 0 < x < 2
 - (b) Find the bilinear transformation under which 1, i, -1 from the z-plane are mapped onto 0, 1,∞ of w-plane.
 - (d) Use Stoke's theorem to evaluate $\int_C \overline{F} \cdot d\overline{r}$ where $\overline{F} = x^2 \ i + xy \ j$ and C is the boundary of the rectangle x = 0, y = 0, x = a, y = b.
- 7. (a) Find inverse Z-transform of $F(z) = \frac{z}{(z-1)(z-2)}$, |z| > 2
 - (b) Find the analytic function f(z) = u + iv in terms of z if $u v = e^x(\cos y \sin y)$
 - (c) Using laplace transform solve the following differential equation with given condition. $(D^2 2D + 1)x = e^t$, with x = 2, Dx = -1, at t = 0

(OLD COURSE)

QP Code:12237

(3 Hours)

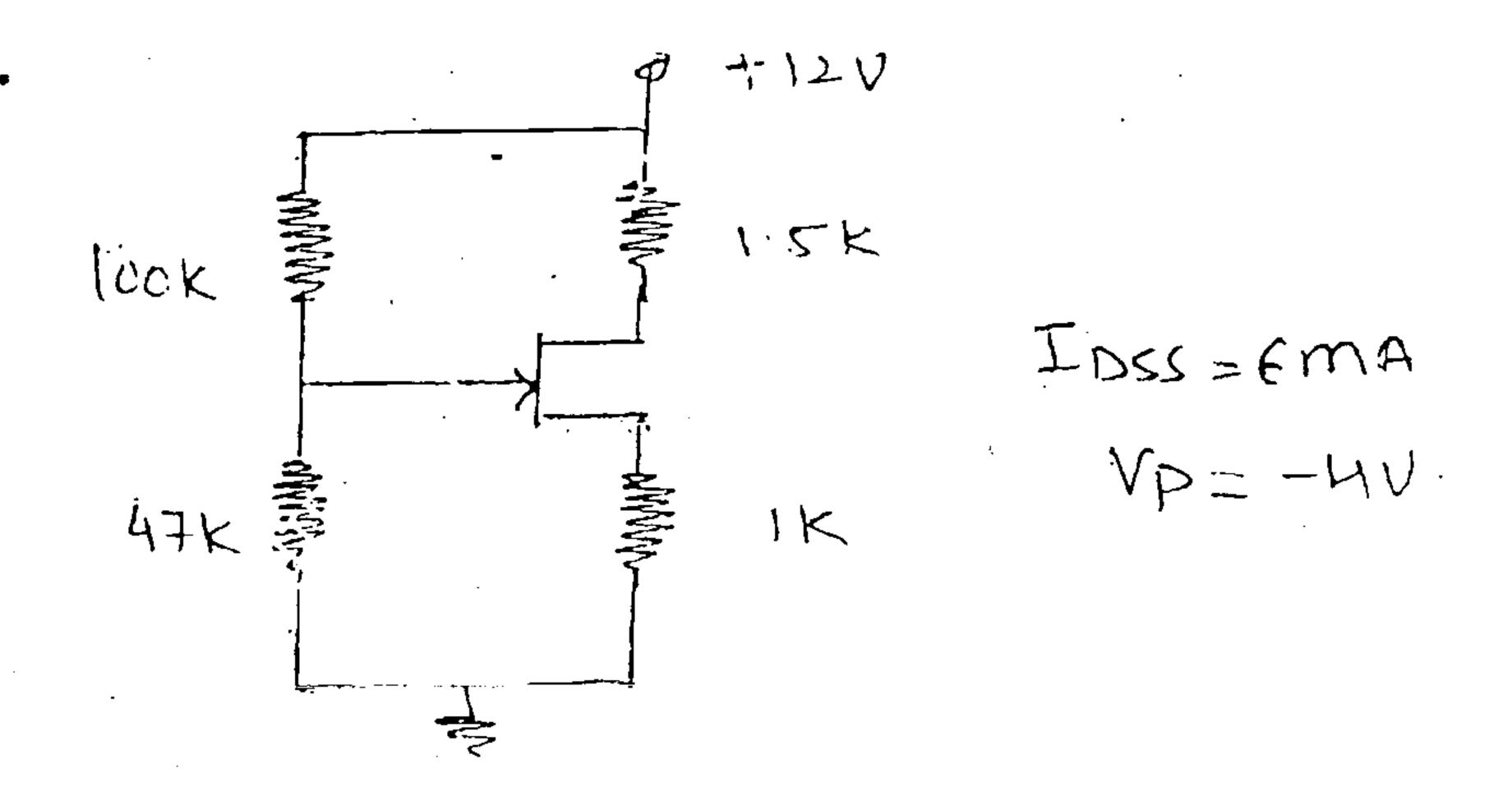
[Total Marks: 100

N.B: (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

(a)

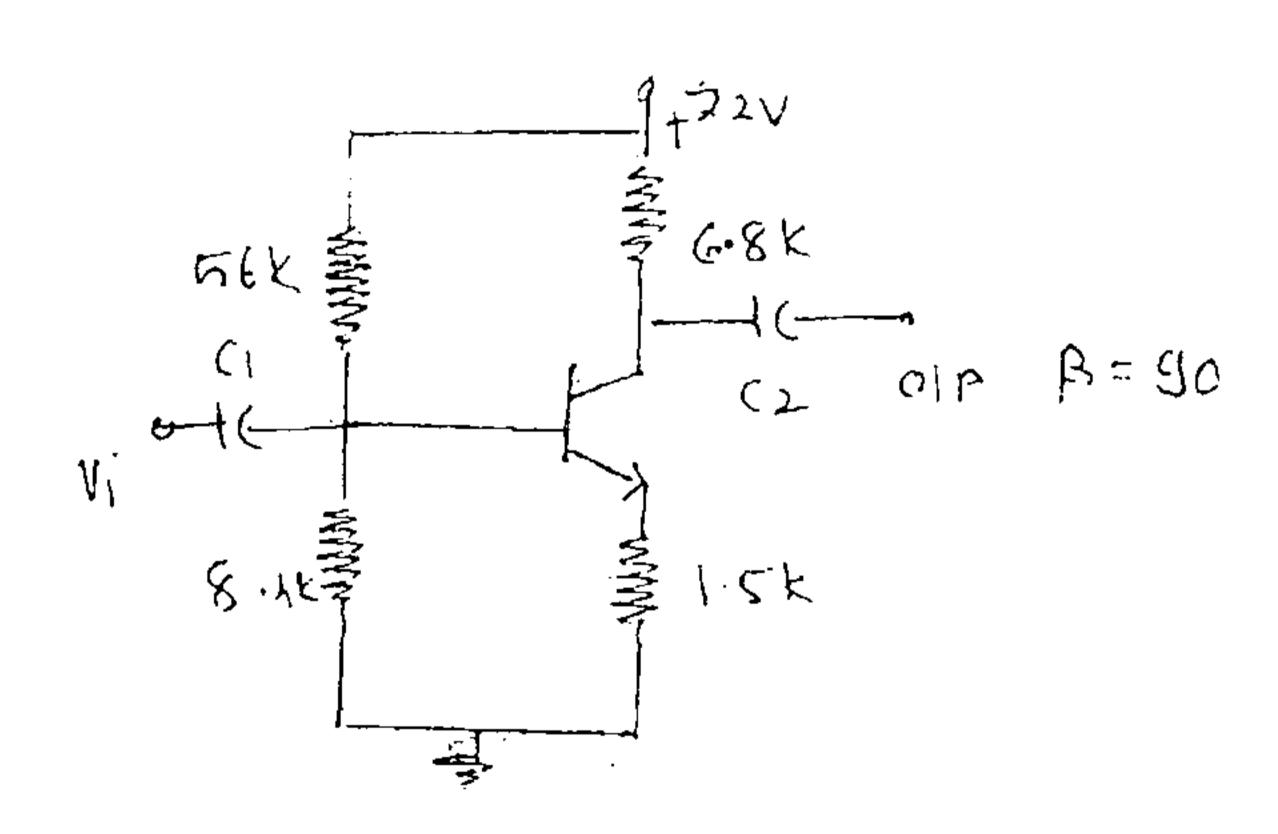
- (2) Answer any four out of remaining six questions.
- (3) Assume any suitable data wherever required.
- What is maximum reverse voltage (PIV) across a diode. (a) HWR **FWR** (ii) (iii) Bridge rectifier Derive condition for zero temperature drift blasing of FET. (b) Derive the relationship between α and β . (c) Draw positive clamper circuit with I/P and output waveform. (d) **10** Explain the concept of thermal runaway in BJT. (a) Draw bridge rectifier explain its operation with input an i output waveform. **10** (b)
- (b) Draw voltage doubler circuit and explain it's working with equivalent diagram.
 4. (a) Explain with neat diagram zener as regulator.
 (b) Obtain the values of V_{GSQ}. I_{DQ}, and V_{DSQ} for voltage divider bias circuit shown in fig.
 10

Explain the different biasing techniques for EMOSFET.



5. (a) Explain construction and characteristics of E-MOSFET.

(b) For circuit shown in fig. Use re-model to determine input and output impedances, voltage gain and current gain.



- Design a single stage CE amplifier suitable for low frequencies upto 10 KHz to give voltage gain |AV| = 70 and output voltage 4.5 volts employing transistor type BC 147A. Calculate the expected |AV| and maximum output voltage with negligible distortion that can be obtained from designed circuit.
- 7. Write a short note on (any three):—

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- (a) Photodiode and its application
- (b) BJT as a switch
- (c) Input protection circuit of MOSEET
- (d) LC filter.

LM-Con.:8033-14.

(OLD COURSE)

QP Code: 12346

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks: 100

N.B: (1) Question 1 is compulsory.

- (2) Answer any four questions out of remaining six questions.
- (3) Assume suitable data if necessary.
- (4) Figure to the right indicate full marks.
- 1. (a) Explain how to find G-M. and P.M. from polar plots.

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- (b) Explain any five rules of root locus plot.
- (c) Explain principle of argument.
- (d) Derive an expression for peak time of a standard second order control system
- 2. (a) Obtain Bode plot-

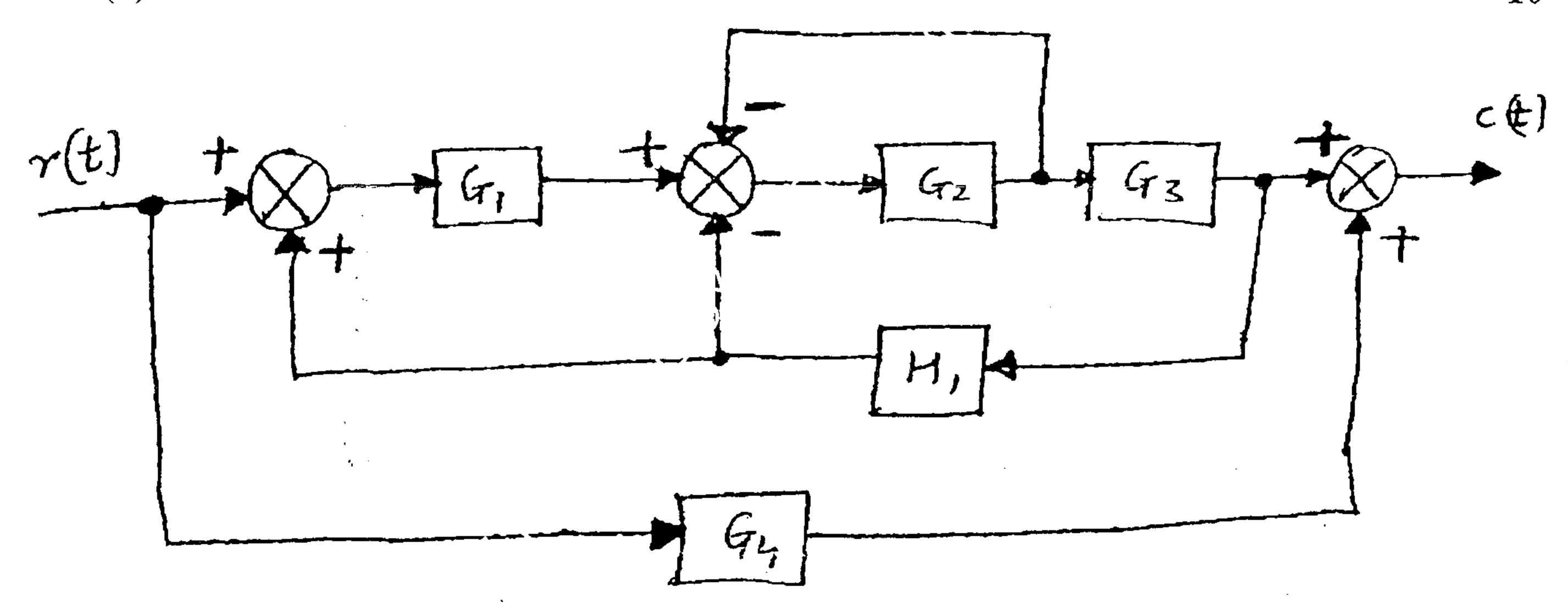
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G(s) H(s) =
$$\frac{10[1-s]}{s(s+2)(s^2+2s+25)}$$

Hence obtain G.M. and P.M.

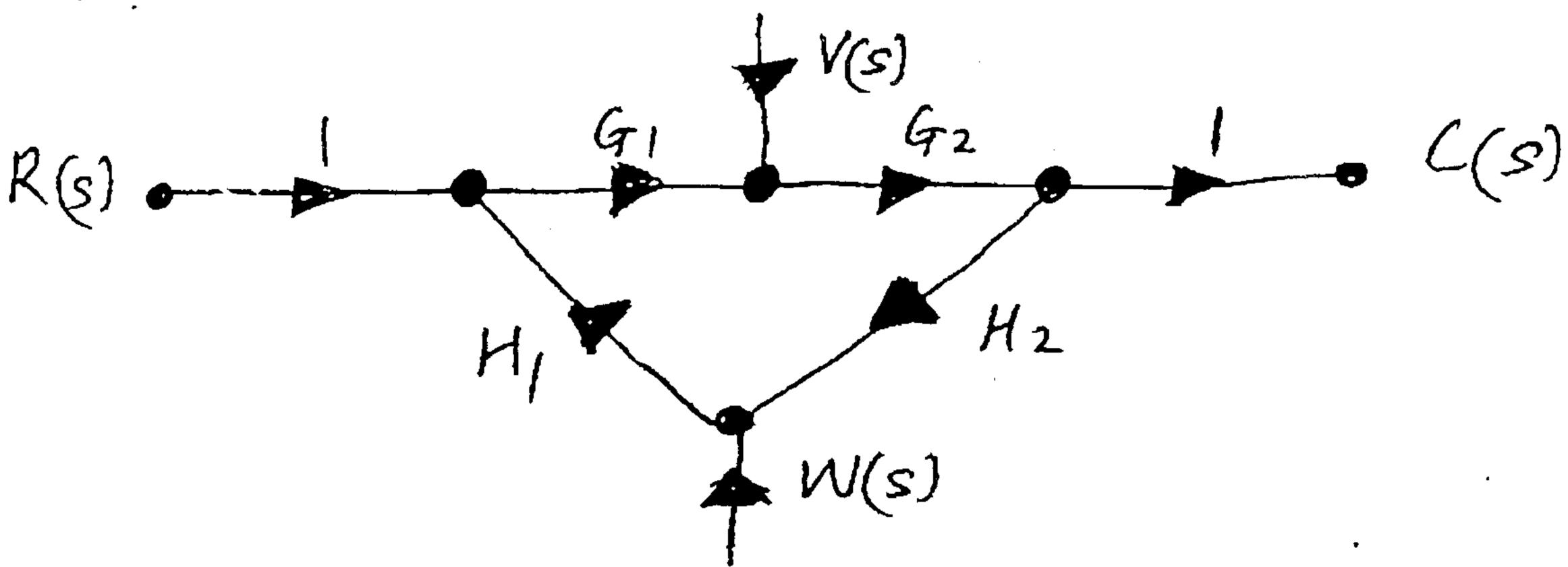
(b) Obtain overall Transfer function.

10



3. (a) Find the value of C(s) using Mason's gain formula.

10



TURN OVER

(b) The error response

1(

 $e(t) = 2.5 e^{-10t} \sin \left[50 t + 50^{\circ} \right]$ for a unit step input.

Find natural frequency, damped frequency, damping ratio and comment on the type of damping.

4. (a) Plot root locus plot –

12

$$G(s) H(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+4)(s^2+4s+20)}$$

(b) Find K marginal and frequency of oscillation given.

8

$$1 + \frac{K}{s(s^2 + 2s + 2)(s^2 + 6s + 10)} = 0$$

5. (a) Derive an expression for Bandwidth of a standard second order control system.

8

(b) Obtain G(s) H(s) =
$$\frac{6}{s(s+1)(s+2)}$$
.

12

Find W_{pc} and G. M.

If '6' is replaced by K then using polar plot find range of K for stability and K marginal.

6. (a) $G(s) H(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+3)(s^2+s+1)}$.

8

Determine the value of K that will cause sustained oscillations in the closed Loop system.

Also find the frequency of oscillation.

(b) Obtain Nyquist plot-

12

(i)
$$G(s) H(s) = \frac{10}{s(s-6)}$$

(ii)
$$G(s) H(s) = \frac{4(s-1)}{s(s-2)}$$

Hence comment on stability and number of Pole's on R.H.S. of jw axis.

7. Write short notes on the following:

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- (a) Synchro transmitter's.
- (b) Static error constants
- (c) Compensation techniques.
- (d) Stepper Motor's,