

SE-sem III (Electronics-old)
Basic Electronics circuits

18/5/17

2

Q.P. Code: 08288

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Marks:100]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

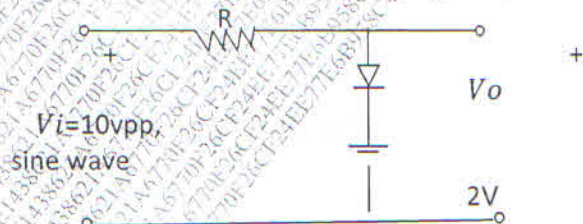
- N.B:**
1. Question No. 1 is compulsory.
 2. Answer any four out of remaining six questions.
 3. Assume any suitable data wherever required.

Q.1 Answer any Four of the following:-

- Derive the condition for zero temperature drift biasing in JFET. 05
- Draw and explain negative clamper circuit. 05
- Explain the phenomenon of thermal runaway in BJT. 05
- Compare CE BJT and CS FET amplifiers. 05
- Compare "L" and "C" filter. 05

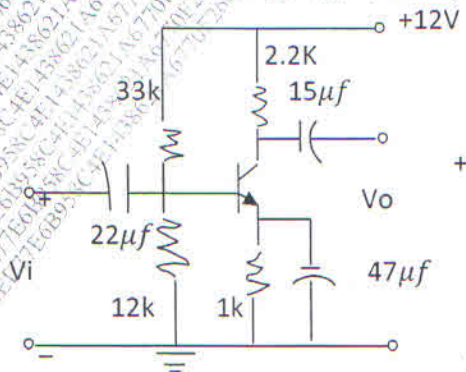
Q.2 a) Draw the circuit of full wave rectifier with "LC" filter and explain its working. Derive expression for ripple factor. 10

b) For the clipper circuit shown below sketch the waveform of output voltage and justify it. 10



Q.3 Design a single stage RC coupled CE amplifier to meet the following specifications: 20
 $V_o = 2V$, $|A_v| = 90$, $S = 8$, $F_c = 20\text{Hz}$. Determine A_v , Z_i and Z_o for the designed circuit. Choose a suitable transistor with proper justification from the data sheet.

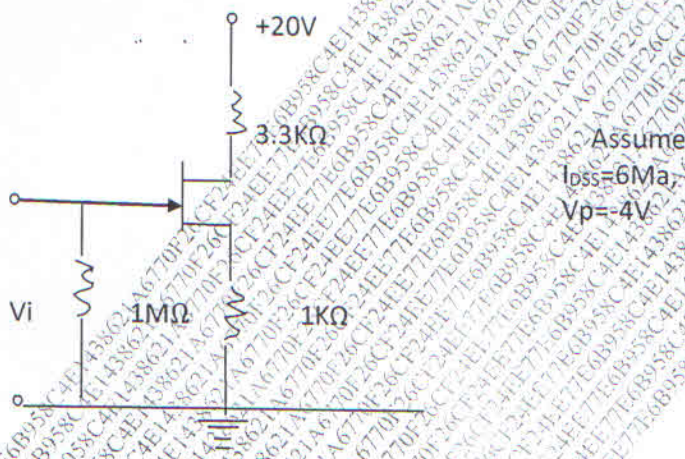
Q.4 a) For the circuit shown below determine I_B , I_C , V_{CE} , V_{RE} , A_v and R_i . Assume $\beta = 90$. 10



- b) Define Transistor Biasing. State and compare various types of biasing circuits of BJT as a voltage amplifier. 10

- Q.5 a) Draw neat circuit diagram of CS FET amplifier and explain its working. Derive the expressions for Z_i , Z_o and A_v . 10

- b) For the circuit shown below, determine V_{GSQ} , I_{DQ} and V_{DSQ} . 10



- Q.6 Design a single stage RC coupled CS amplifier to meet the following specifications: 20
 $V_O = 2.5\text{V}$, $|A_v| = 10$, $F_L = 20\text{Hz}$. Use BFW11.
 Determine A_v , Z_i , $V_{O(\text{MAX})}$ and Z_o for the designed circuit.

- Q.7 Write short notes on any three of the following 20
- Photodiode and photovoltaic cell.
 - Various biasing schemes for E-MOSFET.
 - Hybrid π equivalent circuit of BJT.
 - Comparison of CE, CB and CC amplifiers.

DATA SHEET

Transistor type	P _{dm} max @ 25°C Watts	I _{cm} max @ 25°C Amps	V _{ce} (sat) volts	V _{ce} (sat) volts	V _{ce} (sat) volts	V _{ce} (sat) volts	V _{ce} (sat) volts	V _{ce} (sat) volts	V _{ce} (sat) volts	V _{ce} (sat) volts	D.C. current gain		Small Signal h _{ie}	V _{ce} max.	O ₁ % @ 25°C	Dec. abo 25°C
											h _{fe} min	h _{fe} typ. max.				
2N 3055	115.5	15.0	1.1	100	60	70	90	7	200	20	50	15	50	120	1.5	0
ECN 055	50.0	5.0	1.0	60	50	55	60	5	200	25	50	25	75	125	1.5	0
ECN 149	30.0	4.0	1.0	50	40	—	—	8	150	30	50	33	60	115	1.2	0
ECN 100	5.0	0.7	0.6	70	60	65	—	6	200	50	90	30	90	280	0.9	0.1
BC147A	0.25	0.1	0.25	50	45	50	—	6	125	115	180	125	220	260	0.9	—
2N 525 (PNP)	0.225	0.5	0.25	85	30	—	—	—	100	35	—	65	45	—	—	—
BC147B	0.25	0.1	0.25	50	45	50	—	6	125	200	290	450	240	500	0.9	—

Transistor type	h _{ie}	h _{oe}	h _{re}	β ₁₀
BC 147A	2.7 K Ω	18 μ Ω	1.5 × 10 ⁻⁴	0.4°C/mv
2N 525 (PNP)	1.4 K Ω	25 μ Ω	3.2 × 10 ⁻⁴	—
BC 147B	4.5 K Ω	30 μ Ω	2 × 10 ⁻⁴	0.4°C/mv
ECN 100	50 Ω	—	—	—
ECN 149	15 Ω	—	—	—
ECN 055	12 Ω	—	—	—
2N 3055	6 Ω	—	—	—

8FW 11—JFET MUTUAL CHARACTERISTICS

-V _{gs} volts	I _{ds} (typ. mA)										
	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.6	2.0	2.4	3.0
I _{ds} max. mA	10	9.0	8.3	7.6	6.8	6.1	5.4	4.2	3.1	2.2	1.1
I _{ds} typ. mA	7.0	6.0	5.4	4.6	4.0	3.3	2.7	1.7	0.8	0.2	0.0
I _{ds} min. mA	4.0	3.0	2.2	1.6	1.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

N-Channel JFET

Type	V _{gs} max. Volts	V _{ds} max. Volts	V _{gs} max. Volts	P _d max. @ 25°C	I _{ds} (typical)	I _{ds} max.	T _j max.	-V _{gs} Volts	r _{ds}	Derate above 25°C	θ _{JA}
2N3822	50	50	50	300 mW	2 mA	3000 μA	175°C	6	50 KΩ	2 mW/°C	0.59°C/cm
8FW 11 (typical)	30	30	30	300 mW	7 mA	3600 μA	200°C	2.5	50 KΩ	—	0.59°C/cm

- N.B. (i) Question no. ONE is compulsory.
 (ii) Attempt any FOUR questions out of the remaining six questions.
 (iii) Figures to right indicate full marks.

- Q.1 (a) Find the analytic function $f(z) = u + iv$ if $3u + 2v = y^2 - x^2 + 16xy$ 5
 (b) Find Laplace Transform of $t^{-1} e^{-t} \sin t$ 5
 (c) Prove that $\text{adj. adj.}(A) = |A|^{n-1} A$ 5
 (d) Test for the consistency the following equations and solve them if they are consistent $2x - y + z = 9$, $3x - y + z = 6$, $4x - y + 2z = 7$, $-x + y - z = 4$ 5
- Q.2 (a) Find the Fourier Series to represent $f(x) = x^2$ in $(0, 2\pi)$ 6
 (b) Prove that every Hermitian matrix A can be written as $B + iC$ where B is real symmetric C is real skew symmetric 6
 (c) Find Bilinear transformation which maps the points $z = 1, i, -1$ on to the points $w = i, 0, -i$ 8

[TURN OVER

- Q.3 (a) Obtain the Fourier series of $x \cos x$ in $(-\pi, \pi)$ 6
- (b) Examine whether the vectors $[3,1,1]$, $[2,0,-1]$, $[4,2,1]$ are linearly dependent. If so find the relation between them. 6
- (c) Solve using Laplace Transform $(D^2 + 2D + 5)y = e^{-t} \sin t$, when $y(0) = 0$, $y'(0) = 1$ 8
- Q.4 (a) Obtain the expansion of $f(x) = x(\pi - x)$, in $(0, \pi)$ as half range cosine series. 6
- (b) Obtain the complex form of Fourier Series for $f(x) = e^{ax}$ in $(-\pi, \pi)$ 6
- (c) Reduce the matrix to normal form and find its rank. $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$ 8
- Q.5 (a) Using Laplace transform evaluate $\int_0^\infty e^{-t} \int_0^t u \cos^2 u \, du \, dt$ 6
- (b) Verify laplace equation for $u = (r + \frac{a^2}{r}) \cos \theta$ also find v and $f(z)$ 6
- (c) Under the transformation $w = \frac{z-1}{z+1}$ find the image of straight line $y = x$ 8

[TURN OVER

- Q.6 (a) Find inverse Laplace transform of $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{s}\right)$ 6
- (b) If $A = \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & a \\ 2 & 1 & b \\ 2 & -2 & c \end{bmatrix}$ is orthogonal find a, b, c 6
- (c) Find Fourier Cosine Integral prove that $e^{-x} \cos x$, $-\infty < x < \infty$ 8
- Q.7 (a) Show that the set of functions $\cos nx$, $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$ is orthogonal on $(0, 2\pi)$. Hence, construct orthonormal set of functions. 6
- (b) Find the orthogonal trajectory of the family of curves $x^3y - xy^3 = c$ 6
- (c) For what value of k , the following system of equations possesses a non-trivial solution? Obtain the solution for real value of k . 8

$$3x + y - kz = 0, \quad 4x - 2y - 3z = 0, \quad 2kx + 4y - kz = 0$$