22/11/2012

TELETRX I I (REV) EME

ws Sept, 2012 (b) 13 KR-49			
(3 Hours)	[Total Marks : 100		
 N. B.: (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory. (2) Attempt any four questions from Question 1 (3) Vector notation should be used wherever need (4) Assumptions made should be clearly stated. 	Nos. 2 to 7. cessary.		
 (a) Explain lossless propagation. (b) State and explain Poynting theorem. (c) Derive wave equation for homogeneous unbounded sou from Maxwell's equation. (d) Write a note on Smith Chart 	5 5 1 urce free medium starting 5		
 (a) Obtain the transmission line equations for a two wire to characteristic impedance of the transmission line. Detecharacteristic impedance. 	transmission line. Define 10 rive an expression for its		
(b) Using Smith Chart find the input impedance and reflect 0.64 λ from load Z _L = (75 - j 25) Ω characteristic in	npedance is 50 Ω .		
3. (a) Explain various types of electromagnetic interference (b) Derive Maxwell's equation in integral form.	es. 10 10		
4. (a) State and prove the Poynting theorem. Explain the integral(b) Explain reflection of uniform plane wave at normal i	s involved in the statement. 10 incidance. 10		
 5. (a) What is need of Electromagnetic Compability ? (b) Explain Divergence theorem. (c) Explain potential functions for sinusoidal radiation of 	6 4 scillations. 10		
 6. (a) Derive the expressions for the reflection and transmis of reflection from perfect dielectric at - (i) Normal incidence 	ssion coefficients in case 10		
 (ii) Oblique incidence (parallel polarization). (b) A lossless 50 Ω transmission line is terminated in 25 (i) Voltage reflection coefficient (ii) Current reflection coefficient (iii) VSWR (iv) Impedance at 0.3 λ distance from the load. 	5 + j 50 Ω. Find – 10		
 7. Write short notes on :- (a) Helmoltz Equations (b) Gauss's Law (c) Poisson's Equation (d) Impedance Matching. 	. 20		

TEI ETRX/II(R) 27/11/12 LICD

Shilpa -(b) 38 Con.7605-12.

KR- 5084

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(3 Hours)

- **N.B.**: (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
 - (2) Attempt any four questions out of remaining six questions.
 - (3) Assume suitable data if required and state it clearly.
 - (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 1. Answer the following questions :-
 - (a) Derive an expression for summing amplifier and averaging amplifier output 5 voltage assuming three input voltages.
 - (b) What is KRC filters ? Why are KRC filters operated for Q < 10 ?
 - (c) Explain with neat block diagram counter type Analog to Digital converter.
 - (d) Design a 0.5 A current source using IC 7805. Assume $R_L = 10 \Omega$.
- 2. (a) Explain with neat circuit diagram the working of Half wave Precision Rectifier. 5
 (b) Draw the circuit diagram of second order High pass KRC filter. Calculate the 5
 cutoff frequency (Fo) and K, if R₁ = 27 KΩ, R₂ = 16 KΩ, R₂ = R₃ = 27 KΩ, C₂ = C₃ = 0.005 μF.
 - (c) Explain in detail with the neat circuit diagram the Wien Bridge oscillator.
- 3. (a) Draw and explain the functional diagram of Timer IC 555 and explain its 10 operation in astable mode.
 - (b) Draw and explain the circuit diagram to generate square and triangular 10 waveforms using OP-AMPS. Derive the expression for frequency and comment about the range of frequency.
- ⁴. (a) Draw and explain the functional diagram of voltage regulator IC 723. State its 10 features and applications.
 - (b) Design a voltages regulator using IC 723 for $V_0 = 5V$, $I_0 = 50$ mA, lsc = 75 mA, $V_{in} = 15V$. 10 Assume $V_{sense} = 0.6V$.
- (a) Explain in detail about switched capacitor filters.
 (b) Derive the expression of output voltage for difference amplifier with next circle
 - (b) Derive the expression of output voltage for difference amplifier with neat circuit diagram. 10 Design the same for $V_0 = V_2 3V_1$ and $Ri_1 = Ri_2 = 100 \text{ K} \Omega$.
- 6. (a) What is Phase Locked Loop ? Explain about monolithic PLL.
 (b) With the help of OP-AMP model explain the Slew Rate limitation ? Also explain 10 various methods of increasing slew rate.

- 7. Write short notes on (any four) :-
 - (a) R 2R Ladder DAC
 - (b) Differentiator
 - (c) I to V converter
 - (d) Peak detector
 - (e) Dual slope intergrator ADC.

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T.E. ETRISSEN I (Row) N/D-2012

SUB- MPMC-I.

38 : 2nd half-12-(f) JP

Con. 7620-12.

KR-5225

		(3 Hours) [Total Marks : 100)
N.B.:		 Question No. 1 is compulsory. Solve any four questions out of the remaining. 	
1 .	(a) (b) (c)	Explain internal RAM memory organization of 8051 microcontroller.5Explain CPSR register of ARM7 processor.5Write a program for 8085 processor to convert two digit packed BCD number5into unpacked BCD.5	
	(d)	Explain the SP/EN pin of 8259 interrupt controller. 5	
2. (a)		Design and explain two wait state generator circuitary which inserts two wait states 10 in every OPCODE FETCH machine cycle.	
-	(0)	Differentiate between I/O mapped I/O and memory mapped I/O. 10	
3.	(a)	Design 8085 based system with following specifications : 12 (i) CPU operating at 3 MHz	-
	(b)	 (ii) 16 KB program memory using 4 KB devices. (iii) 4 KB data memory using 2 KB devices. (iv) One 8 bit input port and one 8 bit output port performing interrupt driven I/O and interfaced in I/O mapped I/O mode. Use exhaustive decoding approach. Give detailed I/O map and memory map and neat interfacing diagram. Write 8085 based program to arrange ten data bytes in ascending order. Assume 8 the data array begins from memory address 1000µ onwards. 	
4.	(a) (b)	Explain Interrupt Enable and Interrupt Priority registers of 8051 microcontroller. 10 Explain Interrupt structure of 8085 processor. 10	
5.	(a)	Interface 0808 ADC to 8051 microcontroller and write a program to take in analog 12 input connected to input channel 0 and send the converted digital data on LED's connected to PO.	
	(b)	Explain Timer O internal structure in detail. 8	
6.	(a)	Write 8051 based program to generate a delay of 100 m sec if controller operates 10 at 12 MHz crystal frequency. Show the delay calculations.	
	(b)	Explain MODE 0 and MODE 1 of 8253 Timer/Counter peripheral IC with the help 10 of timing diagram.	
7.	(a) (b)	Explain the instructions given below :10(i) ADDS r_0, r_2, r_3 (ii) ADD $r_0, r_0, r_0, LSL # 1$ (iii) TST r_0, r_3 (iv) MVN $r0, r_2$ (iv) MVN $r0, r_2$ (iv) ORR $r_3, r_2, # 1 < < 16$ Explain input data transfer using bandshake signals of 8255 with the helo of timing10	-
		diagram.	

TELETRXIV (Rev.) SII2/12

ws Sept, 2012 (b) 23 Con. 7626-12.

(3 Hours)

KR-5339 | Total Marks : 100

N. B.: (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

(2) Solve any four questions from the remaining.

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- (3) Assume suitable data if required.
- 1. (a) Derive relation between unit impulse, unit step and unit ramp signals. (b) Figure below shows some part of signal x(t) and its even part for $t \ge 0$. The 20 even part for t < 0 is not shown. Complete plats of x(t) and $x_e(t)$



(c) Give equations and sketch PDF of exponential and Gaussian distribution.

- (d) Evaluate $-\int_{-2}^{4} (2+t^2) \delta(t-1) dt + \int_{-2}^{1} t^2 \delta(t+4) dt$
- 2. (a) Convolve the following signals in time domains. Do not use transform. Sketch the convolved result. 10



(b) Using properties of Fourier transform find Fourier transform of signal shown. 10



3. (a) Obtain transfer function for a system having state equation.

(b) The input $x(t) = e^{-2t} u(t)$ is given to system. The output response of system to input is $y(t) = e^{-t} u(t)$. Find impulse response and frequency response of sytsem. 10

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ws Sept, 2012 (b) 24 Con. 7626-KR-5339-12.

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- 4. (a) If u(t) ↔ X(s), determine time domain signal that corresponds to following transform 10 domain signals. Use properties only and clearly state them :-
 - (i) SX(s) 1 (ii) X (2s) (iii) X(s+1) (iv) s^{-1} X(s) Find Family 1 (iv) s^{-1} X(s)
 - (b) Find Fourier transform of impulse train shown :



- 5. (a) State conditions which are required to be satisfied by x(t) for Fourier series to exist.
 - (b) Define ESD and PSD. What is relation of ESD and PSD with autocorrelation ?
 - (c) Sketch x(t) = 2u(t) + u(t-2) u(t-4) + r(t-6) r(t-8)Hence obtain x(2t + 2)
 - (d) Obtain Canonical form of system $\dot{x} = Ax(t) + Bu(t)$

	0	1	1		[1]
A =	1	2	3	B =	0	
	0	1	0		1	

- 6. (a) State and prove convolution property of Fourier transform.
 - (b) Derive relation between Laplace transform and Fourier transform. Determine 10 Inverse Laplace transform for all possible ROC's of X(s)

$$X(s) = \frac{s^2 + 2s + 5}{(s+3)(s+5)^2}$$

- (c) Impulse response of a system is G (t) = $-3 e^{+2t} u(t)$. Find whether system is Causal/Non causal and Stable/Unstable
- 7. (a) Show single and double sided representation of signal $x(t) = sin \left[20\pi t \frac{\pi}{4} \right]$. 5
 - (b) Find CDF of random variable given below :-



- (c) Explain Rayleigh's energy theorem.
- (d) Write short note on Random process.

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ETRY Sem

PCCT

P4-RT-Exam.-Oct.-12-2-5

Con. 10674-12.

(3 Hours)

KR-5486 [Total Marks : 100

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13.Dec/12_

- **N.B.**: (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
 - (2) Answer any four of the remaining questions.
 - (3) Draw diagram wherever necessary.
 - (4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- 1. (a) Differentiate between -
 - (i) QASK and QPSK (ii) Systematic and Non Systematic Codes
 - (b) What is duo Binary encoding ? Explain with neat diagram. How does duobinary 10 encoding reduce BW requirement.
- 2. (a) A DMS has five symbols with probabilities 0. 2, 0.2, 0.1, 0.35 and 0.15 respectively. **10** Construct Huffmann code and calculate code efficiency. Repeat for Shannon Fano code.
 - (b) Explain with neat block diagram the principle of working of non-coherent FSK 10 receiver.
- 3. (a) Derive expression for SNR of a Integrate and dump filter. 10
 - (b) Given Parity check matrix for (7,4) Hamming code -

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & \mathbf{0} \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 Correction

Calculate syndrome vector for single errors. Draw block diagram of encoder and syndrome decoder and explain.

- 4. (a) With a neat block diagram explain DSSS technique. What is processing gain and 10 jamming margin.
 - (b) The generator polynomial for a (7, 4) cyclic code is $G(D) = 1 + D + D^3$. Compute 10 systematic and non-systematic code for data I/P 1010. Find generator matrix.
- 5. (a) For a $\frac{1}{2}$ rate, K = 3 convolutional code, the impulse response is given as 10

 $g_1 = [1, 1, 1]$ and $g_2 = [1 \ 0 \ 1]$

Draw block diagam of encoder and obtain encoded output for data 1110110. Also sketch code tree and trace path corresponding to above message data.

(b) Why is MSK called shaped QPSK ? Justify with relevant expressions or waveforms. 10

- (b) What is ISI ? Derive expression for ISI and explain methods to overcome ISI. 10
- 7. (a) Draw block diagram of BPSK Transmitter and receiver and explain Sketch signal 10 space diagram and PSD of BPSK.
 - (b) Write note on : (i) Viterbi Algorithm
 (ii) M-ary PSK.

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