

Electronic Instruments & Measurements.

(3 Hours)

Total : 80

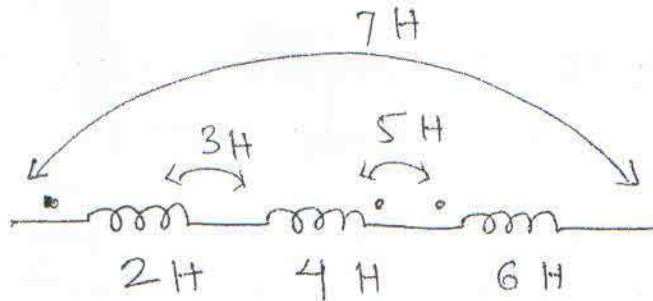
- N.B.** 1) Question No.1 is compulsory.  
2) Answer any three questions from remaining.

1) Attempt any four

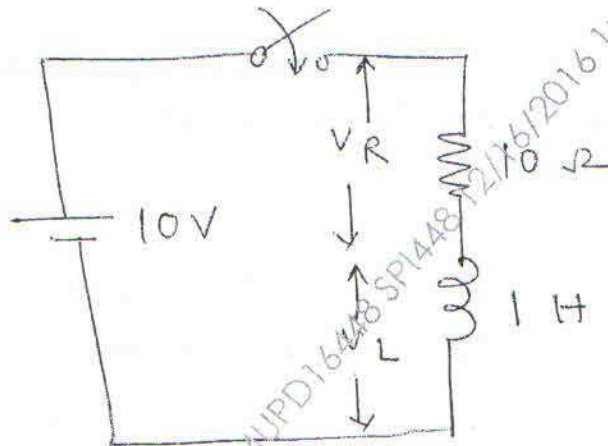
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|--|----|
| a) Define transducer. List different types of transducers.   | 5  |
| b) Draw Schering Bridge and list applications.   | 5  |
| c) Draw a neat labeled McLeod Gauge system diagram   | 5  |
| d) Explain measuring principle of 'Q' meter and list applications  | 5  |
| e) Explain level measurement using differential pressure technique   | 5  |
| 2) a) Explain in detail different types of errors in measurement system  | 10 |
| b) Explain FET type electronic voltmeter with neat circuit diagram.  | 10 |
| 3) a) Discuss static and dynamic characteristics of instruments with importance of each parameter under consideration. | 10 |
| b) Explain in detail Dead Weight Testing with neat labelled diagram  | 10 |
| 4) a) Explain LVDT with neat labeled diagram.  | 10 |
| b) Draw and explain Kelvin's Double Bridge for unknown resistance measurement  | 10 |
| 5) a) Explain single channel and multichannel data acquisition system with neat labeled separate block diagrams.       | 10 |
| b) Draw block diagram of CRO. and DSO. List important features and applications of DSO                                 | 10 |
| 6) Short note on (any four)  | 20 |
| a) Selection criteria of transducers   |    |
| b) Strain Gauges   |    |
| c) Turbine flow meter  |    |
| d) Thermocouples   |    |
| e) Megohm bridge for high resistance measurement   |    |

- N. B. :** (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.  
 (2) Solve any **three** questions out of remaining **five** questions.  
 (3) **Figures** to the **right** indicate **full** marks.  
 (4) Use Smith Chart for transmission line problem.

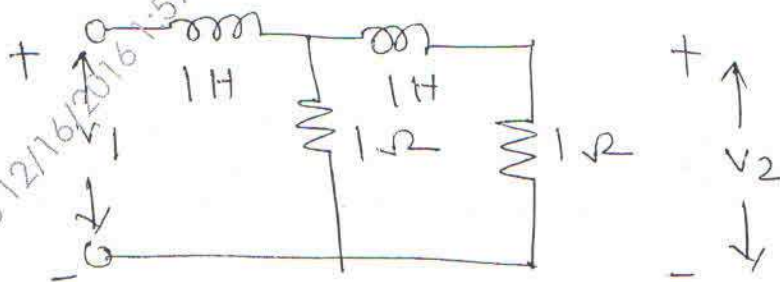
1. (a) Find the equivalent inductance of the network shown.



- (b) A series R-L circuit is shown in fig. has a constant voltage  $V$  applied at  $t = 0$ . At what time does  $V_R = V_L$

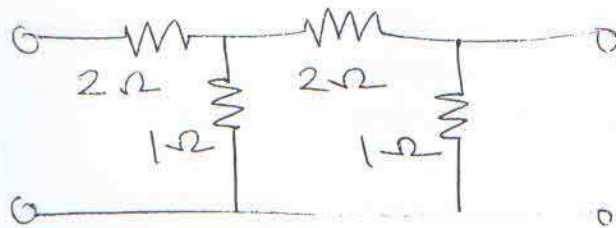


- (c) For the network shown plot poles and zeros of the transfer impedance function.

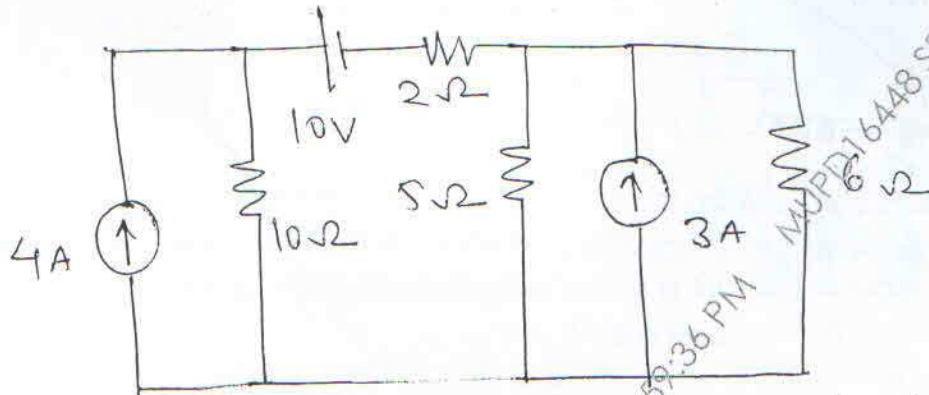


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(d) Determine h parameters of the network given.

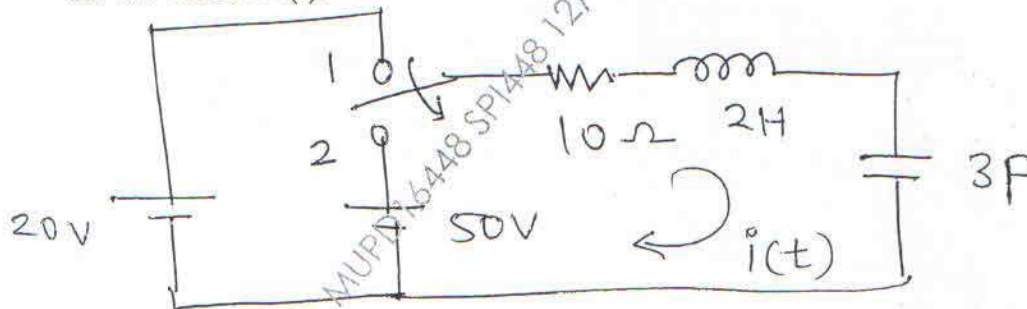


2. (a) Find the current through 6Ω resistor in given circuit.



10

(b) In the network shown switch is moved from position 1 to position 2. The switch is at position 1 for long time. Determine the expression for the current  $i(t)$ .



5

3. (a) Test whether  $F(s) = \frac{2s^3 + 2s^2 + 3s + 2}{s^2 + 1}$  is a positive real function.

(b) Check the whether the following polynomials are Hurwitz or not. Use continued fraction method.

(i)  $P(s) = s^7 + 2s^6 + 2s^5 + s^4 + 4s^3 + 8s^2 + 8s + 4$

(ii)  $P(s) = s^5 + s^3 + s$

(c) Realise caur forms of the following LC impedance function.

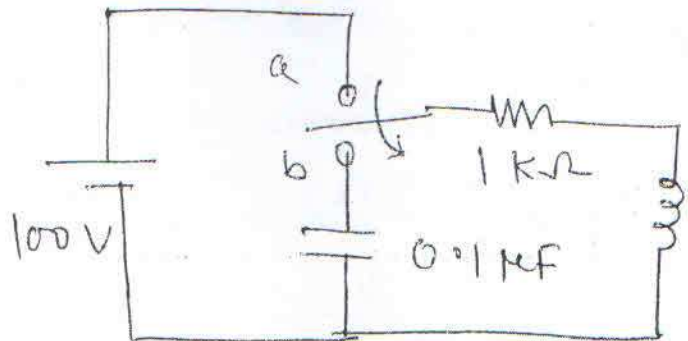
$$Z(s) = \frac{10s^4 + 12s^2 + 1}{2s^3 + 2s}$$

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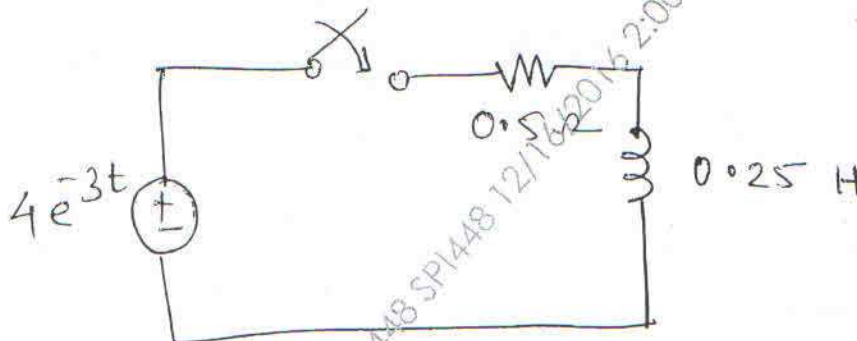
4. (a) In the network given the switch is changed from position a to b at 10

$t = 0$ . Find out  $i$ ,  $\frac{di}{dt}$  and  $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$  at  $t = 0^+$



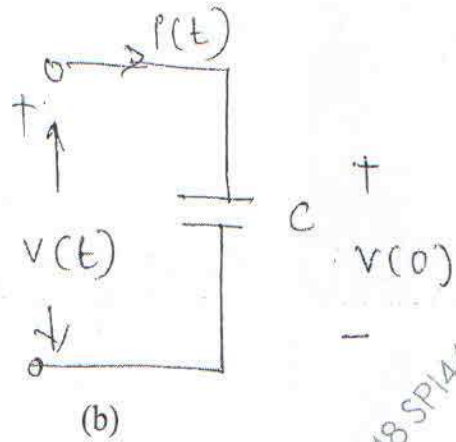
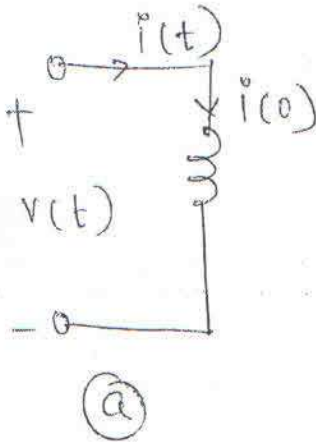
- (b) The values of primary constants of an open wire line per km are  $R = 10\Omega$ ,  $L = 3.5 \text{ mH}$ ,  $C = 0.008 \mu\text{F}$  and  $G = 0.7 \mu\text{mho}$ . For a signal frequency of 1 KHz. Calculate  $Z_0$ ,  $Y$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\lambda$  and  $V_p$ . 10

5. (a) Find the expression for  $i(t)$ . 10



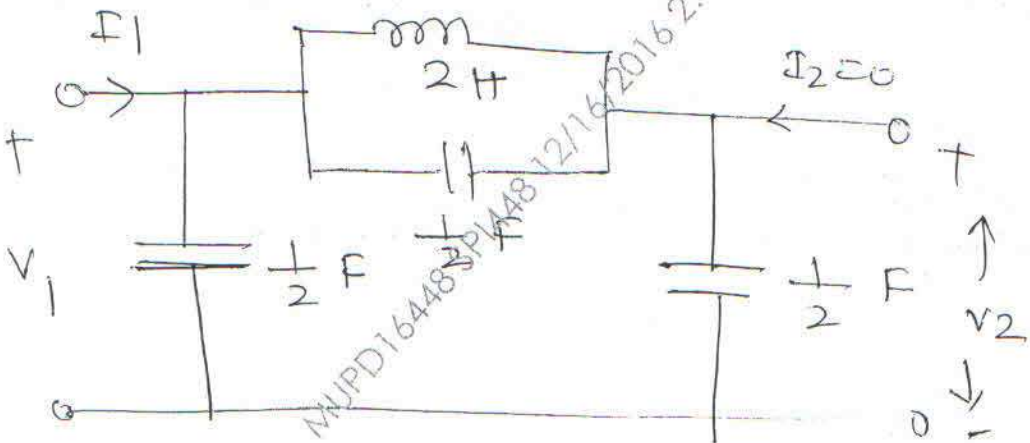
- (b) Design an  $m$ -derived  $\pi$  section high pass filter with a cut off frequency of 2 KHz. Design impedance of  $700\Omega$  and  $m = 0.6$ . 5
- (c) The char. impedance of a high frequency line is  $100\Omega$ . It is terminated in an impedance of  $100 + j100\Omega$ . Using Smith chart find the impedance at  $\frac{1}{8}$  th wavelength away from the load end. 5

6. (a) Draw and explain transformed network in s domain for given circuits. 5  
Use current and voltage equation.



- (b) A series RLC circuit has a quality factor of 5 at 50 rad/sec. The current flowing through the circuit at resonance is 10A and the supply voltage is 100V. Find the circuit constants. 5

- (c) For the given network determine  $\frac{v_2}{v_1}$  and  $\frac{i_2}{i_1}$  10



# Digital Circuit & Design

QP Code :547501

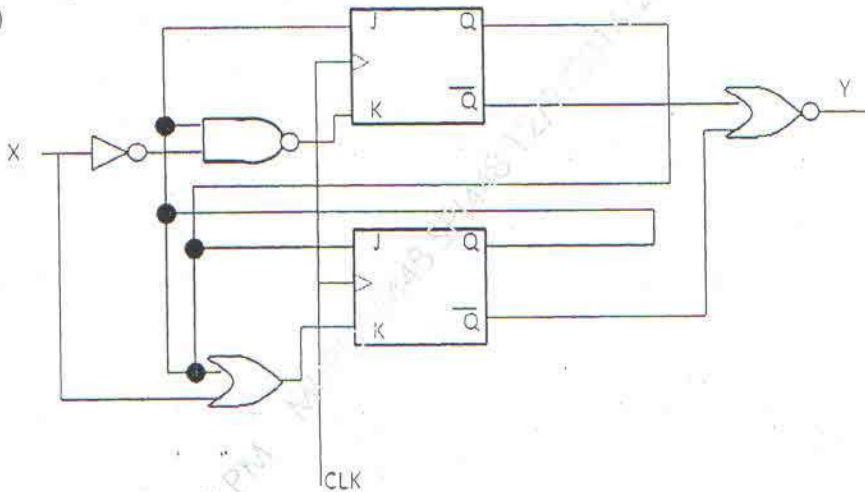
(3 hours)

Total Marks :80

N.B.:

1. Question No. 1 is **compulsory**.
2. Attempt any **3 Questions** from the remaining 5 Questions
3. **Assume suitable data, wherever necessary**

Q. No	Solve any four	Marks
Q 1.(a)	Write a truth table of half adder and write a VHDL code for half adder	5
Q 1.(b)	Explain advantages of JTAG architecture	5
Q 1.(c)	Explain advantages and drawback of synchronous counter.	5
Q 1.(d)	Explain the following terms: 1.Noise margin 2. Noise immunity 3. Propagation delay with reference to digital ICs	5
Q 1.(e)	Differentiate between multiplexer and demultiplexer	5
Q2.(a)	Design a Mealy type sequence detector to detect three or more consecutive 1's in a string of bits coming through an input line.	10
Q 2.(b)	What are universal gates? Why are they called so? Implement XOR and XNOR function using all NAND gates.	10
Q 3.(a)		10



Analyze the sequential state machine shown in figure and obtain state diagram for the same.

- |         |  |    |
|---------|--|----|
| Q 3.(b) | Obtain excitation table for JK flip flop and convert JK flip flop to T flip flop.            | 10 |
| Q 4.(a) | Draw a circuit diagram of 2 input TTL NAND gate and Explain the interfacing of TTL and CMOS. | 10 |

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- Q4.(b) Design a MOD10 asynchronous counter using T flip flop 10
- Q5(a) Design a combinational circuit using a suitable PAL considering the following Boolean expressions. Use a PAL with four inputs and four outputs and three wide AND OR structure. 10
- $W(a,b,c,d) = \sum m(2,12,13)$   
 $X(a,b,c,d) = \sum m(7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15)$
- Q5(b) Design 4 bit Johnson counter using J-K flip flop. Explain its working using waveform 10
- Q6(a) Write short notes on 20
1. Stuck at zero and stuck at 1 fault.
  2. Entity declaration and architecture declaration.
  3. FPGA architecture
  4. State reduction and state assignment.
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Q.P. Code : 547301

(3 Hours)

[ Total Marks : 80

- N.B. :** (1) Question no. 1 is **compulsory**. Solve any **three** questions out of remaining.  
(2) Assume suitable data wherever applicable.  
(3) Draw neat and clean diagrams.

1. Solve any **four**
  - (a) For diodes, define forward voltage drop, maximum forward current, dynamic resistance, reverse saturation current and reverse breakdown voltage. **5**
  - (b) For diodes, discuss different types of junction breakdown in detail. **5**
  - (c) Write short note on HBT. **5**
  - (d) Sketch the characteristics of PN junction solar cell and explain. **5**
  - (e) Explain the two terminal MOS structure. **5**
2. (a) Explain the construction and working of Gunn diode with V-I characteristics. **10**  
(b) Compare Enhancement type and Depletion type MOSFET on the basis of their construction, working principle, characteristics and biasing. **10**
3. (a) Explain characteristics of Zener diode. Explain Zener diode as voltage regulator. **10**  
(b) With neat diagram explain minority carrier distribution in an npn transistor operating in forward active mode. **10**
4. (a) Explain the non ideal effects in case of BJT. Explain base width modulation in detail. **10**  
(b) Discuss Ebers-Moll model for BJT in detail. **10**
5. (a) Explain the operation of photodiode and avalanche photodiode. **5**  
(b) Draw and explain VI characteristics of DIAC. **5**  
(c) Discuss construction and working of SCR with its characteristics in detail. **10**
6. (a) For a n-channel JFET with  $I_{DSS} = 8 \text{ mA}$ ,  $V_p = -4\text{V}$  **10**
  - (i) If  $I_D = 3 \text{ mA}$  calculate the value of  $V_{GS}$
  - (ii) Calculate  $V_{DS(SAT)}$  for  $I_D = 3\text{mA}$
  - (iii) Calculate transconductance ( $g_m$ )
- (b) Discuss the structure and working of MESFET. Draw V-I characteristics and explain. **10**



DURATION: 3 HRS.

MAX. MARKS:80

- 1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
- 2) Attempt any **THREE** of the remaining.
- 3) **Figures** to the **right** indicate **full** marks.

Q 1.A) Determine the constants a, b, c, d, e if

$$f(z) = (ax^4 + bx^2y^2 + cy^4 + dx^2 - 2y^2) + i(4x^3y - exy^3 + 4xy) \text{ is analytic.} \quad (5)$$

$$B) \text{ Find half range Fourier sine series for } f(x) = x^2, \quad 0 < x < 3. \quad (5)$$

$$C) \text{ Find the directional derivative of } \varphi(x, y, z) = xy^2 + yz^3 \text{ at the point } (2, -1, 1) \text{ in the direction of the vector } i + 2j + 2k. \quad (5)$$

$$D) \text{ Evaluate } \int_0^{\infty} e^{-2t} t^5 \cosh t \, dt. \quad (5)$$

$$Q.2) A) \text{ Prove that } J_{\frac{3}{2}}(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi x}} \left( \frac{\sin x}{x} - \cos x \right) \quad (6)$$

$$B) \text{ If } f(z) = u + iv \text{ is analytic and } u - v = e^x (\cos y - \sin y), \text{ find } f(z) \text{ in terms of } z. \quad (6)$$

$$C) \text{ Obtain Fourier series for } f(x) = x + \frac{\pi}{2} \quad -\pi < x < 0$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{2} - x \quad 0 < x < \pi$$

$$\text{Hence deduce that } \frac{\pi^2}{8} = \frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \dots \quad (8)$$

$$Q.3) A) \text{ Show that } \vec{F} = (2xy + z^3)i + x^2j + 3xz^2k, \text{ is a conservative field. Find its scalar potential and also find the work done by the force } \vec{F} \text{ in moving a particle from } (1, -2, 1) \text{ to } (3, 1, 4). \quad (6)$$

$$B) \text{ Show that the set of functions } \{\sin(2n + 1)x\}, n = 0, 1, 2, \dots \text{ is orthogonal over } [0, \pi/2]. \text{ Hence construct orthonormal set of functions.} \quad (6)$$

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C) Find (i)  $L^{-1}\{\cot^{-1}(s+1)\}$

$$(ii) L^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{-2s}}{s^2+8s+25}\right) \quad (8)$$

Q.4) A) Prove that  $\int J_3(x) dx = -\frac{2J_1(x)}{x} - J_2(x)$  (6)

B) Find inverse Laplace of  $\frac{s}{(s^2+a^2)(s^2+b^2)}$  ( $a \neq b$ ) using Convolution theorem. (6)

C) Expand  $f(x) = x \sin x$  in the interval  $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$  as a Fourier series.

$$\text{Hence, deduce that } \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2-1} = \frac{3}{4} \quad (8)$$

Q.5) A) Using Gauss Divergence theorem evaluate  $\iint_S \bar{N} \cdot \bar{F} ds$  where  $\bar{F} = x^2\mathbf{i} + z\mathbf{j} + yz\mathbf{k}$

and  $S$  is the cube bounded by  $x=0, x=1, y=0, y=1, z=0, z=1$  (6)

B) Prove that  $J_2'(x) = \left(1 - \frac{4}{x^2}\right)J_1(x) + \frac{2}{x}J_0(x)$  (6)

C) Solve  $(D^2+3D+2)y = 2(t^2 + t + 1)$ , with  $y(0)=2$  and  $y'(0)=0$  (8)  
by using Laplace transform

Q.6) A) Evaluate by Green's theorem for  $\int_C (e^{-x} \sin y dx + e^{-x} \cos y dy)$  where  $C$  is the

the rectangle whose vertices are  $(0,0), (\pi, 0), (\pi, \pi/2)$  and  $(0, \pi/2)$  (6)

B) Show that under the transformation  $w = \frac{z-i}{z+i}$ , real axis in the  $z$ -plane is mapped onto the circle  $|w| = 1$  (6)

C) Find Fourier Sine integral representation for  $f(x) = \frac{e^{-ax}}{x}$  (8)