AGJ 1st half (I) 11 Con. 4491-12.

GN-8432 Hours) [ Total Marks : 100

(3 Hours)

- (2) Attempt any four questions out of remaining six questions.
- 1. Explain any four of the following :-

N.B.: (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

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- (a) Thermal noise
- (b) TDM
- (c) Concept of Eye Pattern
- (d) Shannon limit
- (e) Intersymbol Interference.
- 2. (a) An A.F. signal 20 sin ( $2\pi$  x 500t) is used to amplitude modulate a carrier of 10 50 sin ( $2\pi$  x 10<sup>5</sup>t). Calculate :--
  - (i) Modulation index
  - (ii) Sideband frequencies
  - (iii) Amplitude of each sideband frequency
  - (iv) Bandwidth required
  - (v) Total power delivered into a load of  $600\Omega$ .
  - (b) Explain the working of Ratio-detector. Compare its performance with that of Foster-Seeley discriminator.
- (a) State and prove the sampling theorem for band pass filters.
  - (b) Explain PWM modulation and dernodulation.
- 4. (a) Explain Match filter and optimum receiver.
  - (b) Consider that the bit sequence given below is to be transmitted.

    Bit sequence = 10110010

Draw the resulting waveform if the sequence is transmitted using:

- (i) Unipolar Rz
- (ii) Polar Rz
- (iii) AMI
- (iv) Split phase Manchester
- (v) M-ary where M = 4.
- (a) For the following input binary sequence b(k) = { 1, -1, 1, -1, -1, -1, 1, 1 } find the transmitted phase sequence and sketch the transmitted waveform for QPSK.
  - (b) Explain block diagram of M-ary PSK and find the Eculidean distance for 8-ary PSK.

- 6. (a) An error control code has the following parity check matrix.
  - $H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
  - (i) Determine the generator matrix G.
  - (ii) Find the codeword that begin with 101
  - (iii) Decode the received code word 110110. Comment on error detection capability of this Code.
  - (b) Explain:-

10

10

- (i) Cyclic codes
- (ii) Viterbi Algorithm.
- 7. Write short notes on any four of the following:-

- (a) Short Noise
- (b) Image frequency and its rejection
- (c) Quantization
- (d) Superheterodyne receiver
- (e) DEPSK.

# SE CMPNIN CRED 1615-112

21 : 1st half.12-AM(w) Con. 3577-12.

GN-5543

(3 Hours)

[ Total Marks: 100

N.B.: (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

- (2) Attempt any four questions out of remaining questions.
- 1. (a) Construct dual of the following LPP:

5

Max  $z = 8x_1 + 3x_2$ Subject to  $x_1 - 6x_2 \ge 2$ 

 $5x_1 + 7x_2 = -4x_1, x_2 \ge 0$ 

5

(b) Find the orthogonal trajectory of the family of curves given by :  $2x - x^3 + 3xy^2 = a$ 

\_\_\_

(c) Evaluate  $\int_{c}^{1} \frac{1}{z} dz$  where c is the upper half of |z|=1.

(a) Determine the analytic function f(z) where  $u = -r^3 \sin 3\theta$ 

5

- (d) Show that every Skew-Hermitian matrix can be expressed in the form P + i Q 5 Where P is real Skew-Symmetric and Q is real Symmetric matrix.
  - 6

(b) Show that  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 4 & -1 \\ 4 & 7 & -1 \\ 4 & 4 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  is derogatory

6

(c) Use simplex method to solve the LPP Max z = 3x<sub>1</sub> + 5x<sub>2</sub> + 4x<sub>3</sub> subject to the constraints

 $2x_1 + 3x_2 \le 8$ ,  $2x_2 + 5x_3 \le 10$  $3x_1 + 2x_2 + 4x_3 \le 15$ ,  $x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$ 

3. (a) Evaluate  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x^2 - x + 2}{x^4 + 10x^2 + 9} dx using contour integration.$ 

- (b) Find Eigen values and Eigen vectors of A<sup>3</sup> where A =  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  6
- (c) Use Penalty method (Big M) to solve Mini z = 4x + y subject to 3x + y = 3,  $8x + 3y \ge 6$ ,  $x + 2y \le 4$   $x, y \ge 0$

(b) If 
$$A = \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3a \\ 2 & 1 & 3b \\ 2 & -2 & 3c \end{bmatrix}$$
 is orthogonal find a, b, c. Also find  $A^{-1}$ 

Minimise 
$$\mathbf{z} = 6x_1 + 7x_2 + 3x_3 + 5x_4$$
  
subject to  $5x_1 + 6x_2 - 3x_3 + 4x_4 \ge 12$   
 $x_2 + 5x_3 - 6x_4 \ge 10$   
 $2x_1 + 5x_2 + x_3 + x_4 \ge 8$   
 $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \ge 0$ 

(c) Use Dual Simplex method to solve the LPP

4. (a) If w = f(z) then prove that  $\frac{dw}{dz} = (\cos \theta - i \sin \theta) \frac{\partial w}{\partial r}$ 

VER

5. (a) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  then prove that 3.  $tan A = A \cdot tan 3...$ 

6

- (b) Find the image of the line y x + 1 = 0 under the transformation  $w = \frac{1}{z}$ . Also find the image of the line y = x under the same transformation. Draw rough sketches.
- (c) Solve the NLPP using the method of Lagrangian Multipliers.

8

Minimize 
$$\mathbf{z} = \mathbf{x}_1^2 + \mathbf{x}_2^2 + \mathbf{x}_3^2$$
  
subject to  $\mathbf{x}_1 + \mathbf{x}_2 + 3\mathbf{x}_3 = 2$ ,  $5\mathbf{x}_1 + 2\mathbf{x}_2 + \mathbf{x}_3 = 5$ ,  $\mathbf{x}_1, \mathbf{x}_2, \mathbf{x}_3 \ge 0$ 

- 6. (a) Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  and hence find  $A^{-1}$ ,  $A^3 5A^2 = 6$ 
  - (b) Find the bilinear transformation that maps the points ∞, i, 0 onto the points 0, i, ∞.
    Find the fixed points.
  - (c) State and prove Cauchy's integral formula and hence evaluate  $\int_{C} \cot z \, dz$  where  $\int_{C} \cot z \, dz$
- 7. (a) Obtain two Laurents series for :

6

$$\frac{(z-2)(z+2)}{(z+1)(z+4)}$$

(b) Evaluate  $\int_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{\cos 2\theta}{1-2a \cos \theta + a^2} d\theta$  using residues.

6

(c) Solve the following N. L. P. P. using Kuhn-Tucker conditions

Minimise 
$$z=7x_1^2+5x_2^2-6x_1$$
  
Subject to  $x_1 + 2x_2 \le 10$   
 $x_1 + 3x_2 \le 9$   
 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$ 

## SELCMPNITY (Rev) 21/5/12 Database Management Systems.

AGJ 1st half (j)-Con-Cod 3

GN-5537

10

Con.	3/90	)-12.	(3 Hours)	Total Marks:	100
N.B.	(2)	Question No. 1 is compulse Solve any four questions fro Make suitable assumptions	ory. om the remaining.	•	
Q1.	a) b) c) d)	Describe the different database Define Normalization. Explain Define Entity Integrity and Re What is a schedule? What is a	n 1NF, 2NF with su ferential integrity w	vith examples.	5 5 5 5
Q2	a) b)	Give the advantages of DBMS Explain in detail log based rec	•		10 10
Q3	a) b)	Explain view serializability an What is a transaction? Discuss			10 10
Q4	a) b)	Draw an E-R diagram for a un  (i) Student (ii) Class (iii) Deparand convert it to tables.  • A student has a unique and has at-most one material end to be a student will get at the classes.  • Every student will get at the will get at the converted to the classes.	id, the student can ajor.  department and factor agrade for the class k? What are the dif	enroll for multiple classes culty can take multiple s he/she has enrolled.	10
Q5	a) b)	Explain insertion of an entry in Describe the overall architecture		suitable diagram,	10 10
Q6	a)	For the following given databate person (driver id #, name, add car (license, model, year) accident (reportCno, date, locatowns (driver id #, license) participated (drivecid, car, report id Find the total number of perfect accident in 2007.  (ii) Find the number of accident "Ajay." were involved.  (iii) Find the number of accident year 2004.	ress)  tion)  ort_number, damag  ople who owned can  ts in which the cars	e_amount) rs that were involved in an s belonging to	

b) Explain recovery using Shadow paging.

Q7	a)	Explain following relational algebra operations with suitable example:  (i) Natural Join  (ii) Rename  (iii) Set Difference  (iv) Generalized Projection.	10
	b)	Write a short note on any two:  1) Constraints of Generalization and Specialization 2) Buffer Management 3) Security and Authorization in DBMS 4) Hashing	10

AGJ 1st half (i) 85 Con. 4112-12.

# SE (Comp) IV. (RCN) 25/5/12 Computer Graphics GN-7937 (3 Hours) [Total Marks: 100

N.B.	(2)	Assume suitable data if necessary.  Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
1.	(a) (b) (c) (d)	What are the applications of Computer Graphics.  Explain frame by frame Animation.  Explain Ray Tracing.  Explain Antialiasing Techniques.	5 5 5
2.	(a)	Write Bresenham's line drawing algorithm. Also write mathematical derivations for the same.	10
	(b)	Explain 4-connected and 8-connected methods. Also explain flood fill and boundary fill algorithms.	10
3.	(a)	What is segment? Explain segment table and any four operations which can be performed on segments.	10
	(b)	Explain Liang Barsky line clipping algorithm.	10
4.	(a)	Explain Sutherland - Hodgeman polygon clipping algorithm. How Welier - Athorton algorithm solves the problem of concave ploygon clipping?	12
	(b)	Describe HSV and RGB color model.	8
5.	(a)	Explain the rotation of an object about an arbitrary point. Derive composite matrix for the same.	10
	(b)	Describe 3D clipping of an object.	10
6.	(a)	Explain Painter's Algorithm.	10
	(b)	Explain the bezier curve and write the properties of bezier curve.	10
7.	(a) (b)	Explain and compare Phong Shading and Gaurard Shading.  Describe diffuse illumination and point-source illumination.	10

1: 1st half-12-(Con-4608)JP

Con. 4608-12.

GN-8795

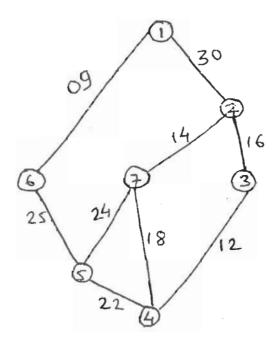
(3 Hours)

Total Marks: 100

- N.B. (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
  - (2) Attempt any four questions from remaining six questions.
  - (3) Assumption made should be clearly stated.
  - (4) Assume suitable data whenever required.
- (a) Explain Big-oh, Omega and Theta Notations with help of example. How do we 10 analyse and measure time and space complexity of algorithms?
  - (b) Construct the Optimal Binary Search Tree for the identifier set  $(a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4) = (cout, float, if, while).$

with P (1:4) = 
$$\left(\frac{1}{20}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{20}\right)$$
 and  $q(0:4) = \left(\frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{20}, \frac{1}{20}\right)$ .

- 2. (a) Explain Flow Shop Scheduling with help of suitable examples.
  - (b) Write down Prim's Algorithm and solve following problem:—



- 3. (a) Write Randomized Quick Sort Algorithm and explain with help of example.
  - (b) Explain 0/1 Knapsack problem using Branch and Bound Method.

10 10

#### Con. 4608-GN-8795-12.

2

- 4. (a) Describe Traveling Salesperson Problem. Explain how to solve using Branch 10 and Bound Method.
  - (b) Write algorithm of Sum of Subsets. Solve following problem and draw portion of state space tree.
     w = {5, 7, 10, 12, 15, 18, 20} and m = 35. Find all possible subsets of w that sum to m.
- 5. (a) Explain Strassen's Matrix multiplication and derived its time complexity.
  - (b) Write down Knuth-Morris-Pratt Algorithm.
- 6. (a) Write algorithm of Job Sequencing with Deadlines. Solve the following problem  $\frac{10}{n}$  = 5.

$$(P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5) = (20, 15, 10, 5, 1)$$
 and  $(d_1, d_2, d_3, d_4, d_5) = (2, 2, 1, 3, 3)$ .

- (b) Explain Hamiltonian Cycles Algorithm, and draw static space tree.
- Write short notes on (Any four) :—

- (a) Tries
  - (b) Randomized Algorithm
  - (c) N-Queens Problem
  - (d) Bellman and Ford Algorithm
  - (e) Optimal Storage on Tapes.

S.E. SEM W. (Pew) Computer & May - 2012.

Con. 4818-12.

(3 Hours)

GN-960

[Total Marks: 100

N.B (1) Question No.1 is compulsory

(2) Answer any four out of remaining six questions.

- 1.a) What is an operating system? Discuss various characteristics of modern operating Systems.
  - b) Explain the role of PCB? Discuss why are two modes of execution needed. 10
- 2.a) Explain different system calls of O.S. Differentiate monolithic and layered structure of O.S.
  - b) What is deadlock? Explain various deadlock prevention techniques.
- 3.a) Consider the following set of processes with the length of the CPU burst time given in milliseconds:

Process	Burst time(ms)	Arrival time (ms)	Priority
P1	24	0	5
P2	7	3	3
P3	6	5	2
P4	10	10	1

- i) Draw the Gantt Chart for FCFS,SJF, Priority (preemptive),Round robin(quantum=4) scheduling.
- Note: A smaller priority number implies higher priority.
- ii) Calculate average waiting time for each of the above algorithms.
- iii) Calculate average turnaround time for each of the above algorithms.
- b) Explain how a readers/writers problem can be solved using semaphores.
- 4.a) Explain paging in detail . Describe how logical address is converted into physical address .
  - b) Explain the following page replacement algorithms:

    i) FIFO

    ii) LRU

    iii) OPT

## 5.a) Explain file allocation in detail.

b) Consider the following snapshot of a system.

Processes	Allocation			Max			Available						
	A	В	С	D		A	В	C	D	A	В	С	D
P0	0	0	1	2		0	0	1	2	1	5	2	0
P1	1	0	0	0		1	7	5	0				
P2	1	3	5	4		2	3	5	6				
P3	0	6	3	2		0	6	5	2				
P4	0	0	1	4		0	6	5	6				

Apply Banker's Algorithm and

i) Calculate the need matrix . (03 marks)

ii) Is the system in a safe state? (03 marks)

iii) If a request from process P1 (0, 4, 2,0) arrives, then can the request be granted. (04 marks)

6.a) Explain different techniques of disk scheduling .

10

10

b) Explain how memory management takes place in linux.

10

### 7.a) Write short notes on:

- i) I/O Buffering
- ii) Unix File system
- iii) Mobile OS
- iv) Process and Thread Management in windows