SE - IV - EXTC 29/5/18

WTP.

Q.P. CODE: 36047

[Time: 3 Hours] **[Total Marks: 80]**

Note the following instructions.

1. Question **No. 1** is **compulsory.**
2. Attempt **any three out of the remaining five**
3. Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.
4. Assume data, if missing, with justification
5. Figures to the Right indicate full marks.

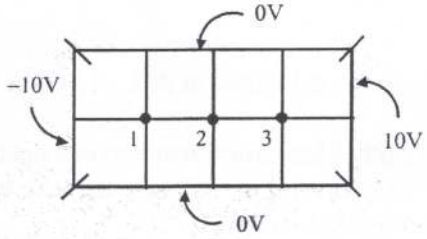
Q1. **Attempt ANY FOUR out of the FIVE**

(a) Define parallel polarization and perpendicular polarization with the help of a diagram. **[05]**

(b) Find the charge in the volume defined by $0 \leq x \leq 1m$, $0 \leq y \leq 1$ m, if the $\rho v = 120x^2y\ \mu C/m^3$. **[05]**

(c) Explain the term super refraction with a neat labeled diagram. **[05]**

(d) Determine the potential at the free nodes in the potential system of the following figure using Finite Difference Method (Band Matrix Method). **[05]**



(e) State the Maxwell's Equations in free space in terms of E and H only. Explain its significance in wave motion. **[05]**

Q2. **(a)** Derive boundary conditions for electric field for a dielectric-dielectric interface stating its significance. **[05]**

(b) In free space ($z \leq 0$), a plane wave with $Hi = 10\cos(10^8t - \beta z)a_x$ mA/m is incident normally on a lossless medium ($\varepsilon = 2\varepsilon o$, $\mu = 8\mu o$) in the region $z \geq 0$. Determine the reflected wave Hr, Er and the transmitted wave Ht, Et. **[10]**

(c) Define Polarization of a wave. State the conditions to achieve Linear polarization. **[2+3]**

Q3. **(a)** A 300MHz wave is propagating through fresh water. Assuming a lossless medium $\mu_r = 1$, $\varepsilon_r = 78$ (at 300MHz). Find the phase constant, the velocity of propagation, the wavelength and the intrinsic impedance. If E_o = 0.1V/m, also find E_x and H_y. **[8+2]**

(b) Derive an expression for the Maximum Usable Frequency (MUF) in terms of the skip distance and virtual height. **[05]**

(c) A VHF communication is to be established with a 35W transmitter at 90MHz. Determine the distance up to which LOS communication may be possible if the height of the transmitting and receiving antennae are 40mts and 25mts respectively. **[05]**

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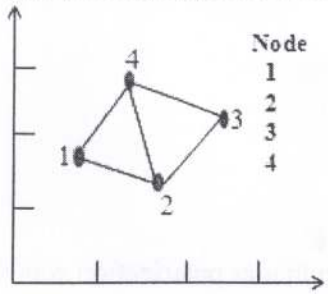
Q4. **(a)** Obtain reflection coefficient and transmission coefficient of perpendicularly polarized wave incident on a dielectric-dielectric boundary with oblique incidence. Define the Brewster angle for this case. **[8+2]**

(b) Consider the two element mesh shown in the fig below. Using the finite element method, determine the potentials within the mesh. **[10]**



Node	(x, y)
1	(0.8, 1.8)
2	(1.4, 1.4)
3	(2.1, 2.1)
4	(1.2, 2.7)

Q5. **(a)** What is the loss tangent of a material? How does it classify materials? **[2+3]**

(b) Derive Helmholtz equations. **[5]**

(c) A point charge $Q_1 = 10\mu C$, is located at $P_1(1, 2, 3)$ in free space, while $Q_2 = -5\mu C$ is at $P_2(1, 2, 10)$. **[5+5]**

(a) Find the vector force exerted on Q_2 by Q_1.

(b) Find the coordinates of P_3 at which a point charge Q_3 experiences no force.

Q6. **(a)** A 5nC point charge is located at A(2, -1, -3) in free space. Find E, at the origin. **[05]**

(b) Define skin depth. Most microwave ovens operate at 2.45GHz. Assume $\sigma = 1.1 \times 10^{\wedge}6$mho/m and $\mu_r = 600$ for the stainless steel interior. Find the depth of penetration. **[05]**

(c) Explain Ducting. State the conditions under which a duct is formed. **[05]**

(d) With respect to the application of Electromagnetic Waves, explain the working of an Electromagnetic Pump. **[05]**

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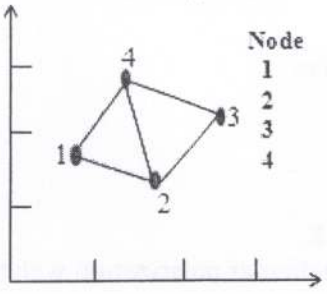

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S-E. ETRX / EXTC - Applied Mathematics IV - CBGS

17/5/2018

Q. P. Code: 38142

(3 Hours) **[Total Marks: 80]**

N.B. : 1) Question No. **1** is **Compulsory**.

2) Answer **any THREE** questions from Q.2 to Q.6.

3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q.1 (a) Verify Cauchy-Schwartz inequality for u= (2, 1,-3) v= (3, 4,-2). Also find angle between u & v. (5)

(b) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ find Eigen values of $A^2 + 6A^{-1} - 3I$. (5)

(c) Evaluate $\int_c \frac{z^3+2z}{(z-1)^2} dz$ when C is $|z| = 2$. (5)

(d) Find the extremals of $\int_{x_1}^{x_2} (x + y')y' dx$. (5)

Q.2 (a) Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem & hence find A^{-1}, where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$. (6)

(b) Find the extremal of $\int_{x_1}^{x_2} (2xy - y''^2)$ dx. (6)

(c) Obtain Laurent's series expansion of $f(z) = \frac{z+2}{(z-3)(z-4)}$ about $z = 0$. (8)

Q.3 (a) Evaluate $\int_0^{1+i} z^2 dz$ along the parabola $x = y^2$. (6)

(b) Show that $A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ is derogatory & find its minimal polynomial. (6)

(c) Reduce the following quadratic form into canonical form & hence find it's rank, index, signature &value class (8)

$x^2 + 2y^2 + 3z^2 + 2yz + 2xy - 2zx$.

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Q.4 (a) Find unit vector orthogonal to both $u = (-6,4,2)$ $v = (3,1,5)$. (6)

(b) Evaluate $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{(x^2+1)(x^2+4)} dx$. (6)

(c) Show that matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & -6 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ is diagonalizable. Also find its diagonal and transforming matrix. (8)

Q.5 (a) Using Rayleigh-Ritz method find solution for the extremal of the functional $\int_0^1 (2xy + y^2 - (y')^2)\, dx$ given $y(0) = y(1) = 0$. (6)

(b) Find an orthonormal basis for the subspace of IR^3 using Gram-Schmidt process where $s = \{(1,0,0), (3,7,-2), (0,4,1)\}$ (6)

(c) Find the curve C of given length 'l' which encloses a maximum area. (8)

Q.6 (a) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} \pi & \frac{\pi}{4} \\ 0 & \frac{\pi}{2} \end{bmatrix}$ find $cos\, A$. (6)

(b) Check whether the set of all pairs of real numbers of the form $(1, x)$ with operations

$(1, a) + (1, b) = (1, a + b)$ and $k(1, a) = (1, ka)$ is a vector space , where k is real number. (6)

(c) Find the singular value decomposition of $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$. (8)

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Sem 4

S.E. EXTC – Microprocessor & Peripherals

CBGS

23/05/2018

Q.P. CODE: 37024

(3 Hours) **Max Marks: 80**

Note:
1. **Question No. 1 is compulsory.**
2. **Out of remaining questions, attempt any three questions.**
3. **Assume suitable additional data if required.**
4. **Figures in brackets on the right hand side indicate full marks.**

1. (A) Explain memory segmentation of 8086 and its advantages. **(10)**

   (B) Explain input output control word format of 8255. **(10)**

   Write control word of 8255 to initialize port A as input port, port B and C as output port, Group A and B in mode 0.

2. (A) Explain addressing modes of 8086 microprocessor. **(10)**

   (B) Explain maximum mode of 8086 microprocessor. Draw timing diagram for read operation in minimum mode. **(10)**

3. (A) Draw and explain interfacing of DAC 0808 with 8086 microprocessor using 8255. Write a program to generate square wave. **(10)**

   (B) Draw and Explain interfacing of Math co-processor with 8086. **(10)**

4. (A) Describe in brief and compare architecture of 80286 and 80486 microprocessor. **(10)**

   (B) Explain how 32 KB EPROM can be interfaced with 8086 that operates at frequency of 10 MHz using 4 KB device. **(10)**

5. (A) Explain 8086 interrupt structure and its method of interfacing with 8086 microprocessors with suitable example. **(10)**

   (B) Write a program to set up 8253 as square wave generator, assume suitable data. **(10)**

6. (A) Explain in brief HOLD, HLDA, TRAP, RESET IN, RD, WR, SID, SOD pins of 8085. **(10)**

   (B) Discuss the functions of general purpose registers of 8086. Explain the function of each register and instruction support for these function. **(10)**

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EXTC - CBGS - Signals and Systems

04/06/18

Q. P. Code: 39055

(3 Hours) **[Total Marks: 80]**

N.B.:

1. Question No.1 is compulsory.
2. Attempt any three questions out of the remaining five.
3. Assume suitable data wherever necessary.

Q1 a) State and prove time shifting property of Z-transform 20

b) Determine the even and odd part of the following time signals.
i) $x(t) = 3 + 2t + 5t^2$ ii) $x(t) = e^t$

c) Explain in brief ROC (Region of Convergence) condition for Laplace transform.

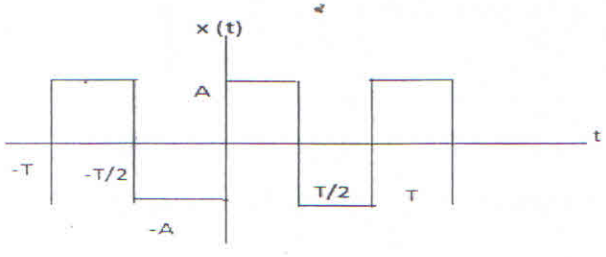
d) Sketch signal $e^{-5t}u(t)$ and determine power and energy of signal.

e) For the unit step response of continuous time signal, determine the transfer function of the system: $s(t) = u(t) + e^{-2t}u(t)$

Q2. a) Define the following Continuous Time signals: 10

i) Deterministic and Non Deterministic Signals
ii) Periodic and Non periodic Signal
iii) Causal and Non causal Signal
iv) Even and odd Signal

b) Determine the Fourier series of the following signal: 10



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Q3. a) Define and prove the following properties of Laplace transforms: 10

i) Time and frequency shifting

ii) Amplitude Scaling and Linearity

b) Find impulse response and step response of continuous time systems governed by 10

Following transfer functions.

$$H(s) = \frac{s+3}{s^2+6s+8}$$

Q4. a) Determine the Laplace transform of the following signals: 5

i) $X(t) = \sin\Omega 0t\ u(t)$

ii) $X(t) = \cos\Omega 0t\ u(t)$

b) Explain Gibbs Phenomenon in detail. 5

c) A stable system has input x (t) and output y (t). Determine transfer function and Impulse response h (t) by using Laplace transform. 10

$x(t) = e^{-2t}u(t)$; $y(t) = -2e^{-t}u(t) + 2e^{-3t}u(t)$

Q5. a) An LTI system is described by the equation: 10

$y(n) = x(n) + 0.8\,x(n-1) + 0.8\,x(n-2) - 0.49\,y(n-2)$, determine the transfer function of The system and also sketch the poles and zeros on the z-plane.

b) Determine the Z- transform and ROC of the given discrete time signal: 5

$x(n) = 0.5^n u(n)$

c) Why linear Convolution is important in signals and System? 5
Differentiate linear Convolution with Circular Convolution.

Q6. a) Compute the convolution $y(n) = x(n) * h(n)$ using tabulation method 10

Where $x(n) = \{1, 1, \underset{\uparrow}{0}, 1, 1\}$ and $h(n) = \{1, -2, -3, \underset{\uparrow}{4}\}$

b) Determine the impulse response h (n) for the system described by 10

Second order difference Equation, $y(n) - 4\,y(n-1) + 4\,y(n-2) = x(n-1)$

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